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add additional 6 words \$2.00,
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Times, Philadelphia
Daily News
Cincinnati Enquirer
Post, Cleveland Plain Dealer
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MAUFACTURERS.

region of operations against the Russian soviet army which is fighting on our frontier. The land evacuated by us, however, is to be the prey of the Czech troops by means of whom the Russian soviet army is to be beaten.

"As provisional president of the Hungarian people's republic I turn, as against the Paris peace conference, to the proletariat of the world for justice and support."

Russian Red Army Near.

A telegram which the Berlin correspondent of the Budapest *Pest-Naplo* says he has received from that city says three Russian envoys already in Budapest declare that the Red army is now on a line from Brody to Stanislav and is advancing on Lemberg, approximately seventy-five miles distant. This army, the telegram continues, is expected to arrive in Budapest within a fortnight.

In publishing the foregoing reports the Berlin *Tageblatt* expresses the greatest skepticism, comparing them to similar reports frequently spread throughout Germany.

Calls All Neighbors.

PARIS, March 23.—(Havas.)—The proclamation of the new Hungarian government invites the workmen and peasants of Bohemia, Rumania, Serbia, and Croatia to form an armed alliance against the aristocracy, landowners, and dynasties. It requests also that the workmen of Austria and Germany follow the lead of Hungary in breaking off relations with the Paris peace conference.

They are requested to rally with the Moscow government and constitute a soviet republic, and to arm in hand against the imperialist conquerors.

The proclamations say the government will organize an army which will enforce the proletarian's dictates against Hungarian land owners and capitalists, the Rumanian aristocracy, and the Czech bourgeoisie.

The document ends by urging each workman and peasant to work in order to produce or to enlist in the army.

Troops Maintain Quiet.

COPENHAGEN, March 23.—A dispatch from Budapest dated Friday said that at that time order was being maintained by the troops and the national guard.

The revolutionary government, it was stated, had issued a prohibition against the carrying of arms, making the penalty for disobedience five years' penal servitude and a fine of 50,000 kronen.

Other dispatches announce that order prevails in the country districts around Budapest.

No rebels in Budapest have ceased publication.

The Berlin *Lokal Anzeiger's* Budapest correspondent says an army of 70,000 men has been formed secretly under the command of Maj. Georgey. The correspondent adds that the non-Socialists and the rural populations are supporting the new government.

Martial Law Declared.

BERLIN, March 22.—(By the Associated Press.)—When the Hungarian cabinet, headed by Count Karolyi as provisional president, resigned it was the task of the government to proclaim martial law and to proclaim martial law throughout the entire country, according to a dispatch from Budapest.

Under the title of "Hungarian Socialist party" the Socialists and communists have combined and will administer the country.

Blockade Is Suppressed.

BASLE, March 22.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Austrian foreign office has been informed by the Italian armistice commission that the associated powers have decided unanimously to suppress the blockade of Austria and Hungary, says a semi-official dispatch received here from Vienna.

Advices received here from Vienna are to the effect that the council of ministers has decided to seize provisionally for the purposes of state administration, the real and personal property of the reigning families in Austria and also of the archdukes living abroad. The incomes from the state received will be paid the owners.

FREE COMMUNE LEADERS

BY GEORGE RENWICK.
Chicago Tribune-New York Times Cable.

BERLIN, March 22.—(Delayed.)—The news from Hungary created a great sensation in Berlin.

A proletarian dictatorship will be exercised through the workers, peasants, and soldiers' councils, and there will be "military and spiritual unity" with the Russian soviet government. Martial law has been declared in all the whole country, and there is also a report that a general mobilization of troops has been ordered.

Immediately after Premier Karolyi resigned the council leaders, who were arrested some time ago in connection with an attempted "coup," were released.

Peasants May Not Aid.

The Budapest "sphere of influence" is limited by the fact that, while the Socialist and communist doctrines may exercise considerable control of the Hungarian industrial population of the city, the same cannot be said of the peasants, who are faring somewhat better as regards food, and have as yet shown no disposition to fall into line with the city workers.

The Socialist-communist bloc is naturally doing all it can to persuade the people that the Russian Red army is strong enough to protect Hungary from invasion, but it is a far call to the nearest outposts of Lenin's hordes.

Between the Russian Bolsheviks and Hungary, the United States, the Poles and the Rumanians, and behind the Serbs and Cossack troops. There is some talk here of Hungary going over to the Bolsheviks; there is also the belief that Bolshevikism is being used as a threat to frighten the entire morale.

Sign Quickly, Holt Says, to Avert World Menace

New York, March 22.—(Special)—Hamilton Holt, editor of the Independent and vice president of the League to Enforce Peace, declared today that the United States should not put off the date of her signature after revision. The league, he said, was the one great obstacle in the way of Bolshevikism, which was being eagerly awaited by democratic Europe.

"But if we don't have a league of nations quickly," he added, "no man knows what dangers will arise."

Events of the last few days showed that unless the league was formed the menace of Bolshevikism would spread out of all bounds. The league was necessary to save not only Germany, Russia, and Austria but other countries as well.



"GERMANY WINS IF BOLSHEVIKI ARE UNBEATEN"

Expert Says Allies Must Crush Out Red Menace.

BY LADISLAV CZAPSKI.
[Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.]

[Copyright, 1919. By the Tribune Company.]

BUCHAREST, March 14, by courier to Paris, March 23.—"Tell America the war will have been lost if the associated powers do not take action against the Bolsheviks without another moment's delay. On all the fronts in Russia the Red armies are advancing. Reports to the contrary are due to the fact that the Bolsheviks are occupying the public posts and communications. It is too late now to think of destroying Bolshevikism by a concerted invasion of Russia. Such a thing would have been possible earlier, but precious time was frittered away in fruitless discussion, and only one way out remains, and that is to strangle Bolshevikism by military and economic encirclement."

There is no gain in this part of Europe in that the Bolsheviks are in control, quoted above, to form a coherent nation on the Bolshevik plan. He was instructed by the allied supreme command with the task of watching over the entente's military fortunes in Rumania and southern Russia. He knows it is we who will have to deal with the Soviet armies when they make their attempt to break into Rumania from beyond the Danube.

Count Karolyi, headed the government as premier until Nov. 18, when a republic was officially declared with Karolyi president. Various dispatches since that date have shown that the cause of the new republic caused by lack of food, lack of funds, and the extreme disorganization which had set in before the war ended. On Jan. 13

the scales were turned by the attitude of the troops of the Budapest garrison. Under the direction of members of the national council the troops occupied the central post office and the telephone central late in the evening. The entire body of officers declared itself at one time with the troops. Only a few generals, referring to their duty, declined to join. They were arrested and turned over to the national council.

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L.T.COL.HAMMOND OF 149TH HOME AFTER 17 MONTHS

Rainbow Veteran Says
Germans Feared the
Outfit.

There was joy at 1362 North Dearborn street last night. Little Stevens Hammond, 4 years old, had his daddy back again. Daddy is Lieut. Col. T. S. Hammond, formerly with the One Hundred and Forty-ninth, of the famous "Rainbows," which was in "most of the heavy fighting and entered into no gentlemanly agreements with the enemy."

The big battles of the final rush of the Americans in the Argonne sector were fought all over again expressly for the benefit of Stevens, who played with the gas mask his father wore in action. Little Stevens thoroughly enjoyed the thrilling tales.

Lieut. Col. Hammond arrived home yesterday. He left his command, the first battalion of the One Hundred and Forty-ninth field artillery, early in January, on the "banks of the Rhine at Beck, Germany.

"Great to Be Back."

"Gee, it's great to be home with the kiddies and their mother," he said. "Certainly great to be back."

"Say," he asked, "are they going to elect Thompson?"

"The boys of the One Hundred and Forty-ninth will certainly be disappointed if they do. Parke Brown told Chicago that."

"Who's my favorite? Well, I should pick Hoyne by all means."

Col. Hammond was absent from his home just a little more than two years. Several months were spent on the Mexican border. But it was just seventeen months since he had seen his family.

Huns Feared Americans.

The Germans feared the Americans, according to Col. Hammond, because they were fighting all the time. He said that it was not a secret that there were "gentlemanly agreements" between the French and the Germans that certain sectors would be quiet, where troops were fatigued would be sent by both sides.

"You can be assured," he said, "that there was no 'gentlemanly agreement' with the One Hundred and Forty-ninth. They fought. That tells the whole story."

"It's good to be home. Tomorrow I'll be back in civvies."

Eager to Get Home.

"Most of the men of my regiment have seen enough of France to last their whole lives and too much of Germany," said Randolph D. Smith, 20 year old veteran of the One Hundred and Forty-ninth, just back from the occupied territory. He addressed the weekly meeting of the Mothers and Fathers' association of the One Hundred and Forty-ninth field artillery last night. Smith is the son of Frederick D. Smith, 4907 Wabash End avenue. He was invalided home.

"The civilian population in and about Coblenz 'treated us well and seemed anxious to fraternize with the American soldiers, but we didn't feel like clasping them to our bosoms,'" he said.

Smith, who is connected with the law department of the International Harvester company in civil life, was in active service until Dec. 29, when he was sent to a base hospital near Paris after an attack of influenza. He said that when he left Col. Reilly's command all of the men were in top notch condition, but very anxious to get home.

Many Foe Vessels Sail
to Help Food Mission

BERLIN, March 22.—[By the Associated Press]—Delayed—Up to 7 o'clock this evening eighteen ships had cleared from Hamburg, including the Patricia, Santa Cruz, Cordova, Kirov, Kreveland, and Cap Finisterre.

Many other vessels are manned and coaled and ready to sail on Sunday. The example of the Hamburg seamen in proceeding to sea, it is believed here, will have a good effect on the other Hanseatic and Baltic seamen.

TWICE TOLD TALES

Returning Veteran of One Hundred and Forty-ninth Finds a More than Eager War Fan in His Little Son.



Lt. Col. T. S. Hammond, Stevens Hammond

AMERICAN AREA OF GERMANY HIT BY STRIKE ORDER

COBLENZ, March 23.—[By the Associated Press]—The day of March 26 has been set for a strike within the American occupied area among the workmen in various industries, according to information reaching the American intelligence officers, who assert that there is some unrest among the laborers due to the influence of Spartacan agitators.

Nine strike agitators were arrested during the last week, several of them admitting membership in the Spartacists. One professed Spartacan, arrested at Coblenz upon his arrival from Berlin, admitted to the Americans that he came to the occupied area with the purpose of urging strikes and creating disturbances to show contempt for Ebert, Scheidemann, and Noske.

American officers say that the feeling of unrest is only among a small percentage of workmen in the American area and that, as all known agitators have been arrested, they do not expect strike developments on Wednesday.

Methodists Send Relief to War Ridden Countries

New York, March 23.—A Methodist relief ship laden with food, clothing, medicine, farm implements, and portable houses for war sufferers will start within a few weeks for France, Italy, and southern Europe, the Methodist board of foreign missions announced here today.

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GERMAN STATES OPPOSE UNION OF RAIL LINES

BERLIN, Saturday, March 22.—[By the Associated Press]—The German states' plans to incorporate the German state railways under a single national system already are meeting with pronounced opposition on the part of the German states.

Following Prussia's notification to the government that Prussia's roads would be surrendered only in return for an adequate financial guarantee to cover the state budget, Bavaria has declared that the transfer of Bavaria's roads at this time is impossible owing to present financial difficulties, and that their future surrender can be accomplished only by open negotiations

which must be confirmed by the Bavarian diet. Bavaria, it is said, will oppose any attempt to seize her roads after a given period on the ground that such action would be a violation of her state rights.

Deny Strike Call.

BASLE, Saturday, March 22.—[Haven]—A rumor that a general strike in Berlin at the end of this month is denied by the Freeholt, according to a dispatch from the German capital.

BRESCIANO, Saturday, March 22.—[Haven]—A rumor that a general strike in Berlin at the end of this month is denied by the Freeholt, according to a dispatch from the German capital.

Daniels Reaches Brest on the U. S. S. Leviathan

BRESCIANO, Saturday, March 22.—[Haven]—A rumor that a general strike in Berlin at the end of this month is denied by the Freeholt, according to a dispatch from the German capital.

COURT MARTIAL U. S. OFFICER ON GRAVE CHARGES

NEW YORK, Saturday, March 22.—Capt. Edwin G. Weisgerber, engineer corps, United States army, said to be one of the leading gas experts in this country, will be tried by court martial at Governor's Island for offenses committed during wartime against the military services of Great Britain and the United States.

One charge is that he sought to sell to the British government a synthetic fuel, an ingredient of which is picric acid. Use of this fuel, the war department charges, would have resulted in the destruction of an internal combustion engine in the operation of which it might be employed.

Globe-Wernicke "Built-to-Endure" Office Desks

Cost No More Than Ordinary Kind



You Choose from the Largest Stock of Office Desks in the City

Busy men, who lack time to "shop" for office furnishings they need—and need quick—will find following lines particularly complete. The wide range of

—Roll Top Desks
—Flat Top Desks
—Typewriter Desks
—Office Tables, Chairs, Etc.

The individual attention of capable salesmen will make your selection of office outifts at the Globe-Wernicke Store a stimulating, enjoyable, wholly profitable hour or half-day's work.

The Globe-Wernicke Co.
Two. 11-15 NORTH WABASH AVE. Two
Stores (43-45 SOUTH WELLS STREET) Stores
Phone Randolph 5725



**The O-G Cordovan
at \$8.50**

A smart new Spring cordovan oxford made on a medium toe custom last of dark brown shell cordovan. Shell cordovan leather is the very best and is particularly adapted for early Spring wear. It is serviceable, polishes exceptionally well and retains its shape.

See it in your O-G store today.

O'CONNOR & GOLDBERG
—O-G Men's Stores—
205 SO. 6 SO. 120 WEST 1253 MIL-
STATE CLARK VAN BUREN WAUKEE AVE. 12TH AT
SAWYER



HOYNE SHIES "KAISER PLEA" AT SWEITZER

German Appeal Used in
1915 Is Made Big
Local Issue.

(Continued from first page.)

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to "shop" for office
ings they need—and
nick—will find follow-
ers particularly com-
The wide range of
Top Desks
Top Desks
writer Desks
e Tables, Chairs, Etc
Individual at-
of capable salesmen
ike your selection of
outfits at the Glob-
e Store a stimulating,
ole, wholly profitable
half-day's work.

A Democratic Version.
Another statement just now the father-
and director got into the campaign,
though under cover, four years ago,
was related by a prominent Democrat,
who said that his name had not been used.
According to this explanation, it hap-
pened thus:

Of the Sweitzer campaign committee
four years ago, there was one that de-
voted all its attention to the German-
American voters, just as there was one
for the Polish-Americans, the Swedish
Americans, the Irish-Americans, etc.
In this, as in all campaign headquarters,
had their "foreign" committees
that handled only the voters of the re-
spective nationalities.

Says It Was Suppressed.

The committee in charge of the Ger-
man-American canvass, or two mem-
bers of that committee, at least,
had the names of the German-
American voters, and an appeal
would help Mr. Sweitzer.
They proceeded to get it up, without
consulting the chief managers of the
Sweitzer campaign. They did not ask
the men whose names were sub-
sequently signed to the appeal for their
permission to use their names, but
copied them out of rosters of German-
American societies. Then they had it
printed and showed to him, and when
the chief managers heard of it, kicked up a row that nearly blew
the roof off the hotel, and ordered it
suppressed.

Then, this man said, some of the
Thompson managers heard of it and
at once grabbed it as an idea to peddle
anonymously and thoroughly among
the foreign strain voters, who were
opposed to Germany and Austria, hop-
ing to make them believe that
they were sympathizing with Germany and that
they should all vote for Thompson to
rebut such a thing. Which they did,
in overwhelming numbers.

This is the explanation offered by
the survivors of the 1915 campaign,
who claim to have knowledge of just
how it happened.

Hits at Religious Issues.

Mr. Hoyne also made another state-
ment on the religious issue, in which
he charges that Mr. Sweitzer has been
representing himself as a Christian
and to Catholics as a staunch
and pious follower of their faith.

"I particularly ask the decent citi-
zens of Chicago, who resent political
pleas based on the race or religion of
a candidate or his ancestors, to com-
pare there latest statements with the
actual account of the death of Mr.
Sweitzer's father, which occurred in
Chicago about three years ago. At
that time, according to the accounts of
every Chicago newspaper, Mr.
Sweitzer was a candidate for mayor
four years ago, and which is known as the famous 'Fatherland
letter.'

Will Press Issue.

The Hoyne people plan to carry this
issue direct to the German-American
voters and ask them to resent it. The
week will see the state's attorney's
men, as well as himself, tearing
through the northwest side asking the
voters of German descent to denounce
the Fatherland letter.

Mr. Reveny, a Danish-Norwegian
weekly, died on March 15, 1918.
Mr. Sweitzer states that his father
was a life-long Mason. Three days
later, March 18, in a paid advertisement
in the Polish Daily News, he
states that his parents were of Irish
descent and that his father's name
was 'Roche, who died when the
mayorality candidate was a child'; that
his mother married again a man
named Sweitzer, of German descent,
and Robert retained his name; that

He has suggested to the business

Knapp-Felt de Luxe hats;
merit as always, \$6



\$6 will buy a fine
Knapp-Felt de Luxe
hat here

THESE are very high quality
hats; they represent all of
the new style ideas recom-
mended by this store for
Spring, 1919.

Try on one of our light weight
Belgian hare soft hats; you'll
like the feel of it. Also new
heather mixture effects; vicuna
finished types; derbies that will
surprise you for their light
weight and comfortable fit; the
new Cavanaugh edge helps hold
the shape as when new. We
can give you a very sub-
stantial value here at \$6

Maurice J. Rothschild
S. W. Corner Jackson and State
Chicago
Minneapolis
St. Paul

Prepared only by
NO. 1 LTD., London, S. E. England
and by GOLD F. MITCHELL & CO., INC.
N. Y. A. — Paris, France

EX-KAISER GETS BACK INTO CHICAGO POLITICS

Some Features of the Campaign of 1915 Which Have Been Brought to Light.



WILLIAM H.
THOMPSON OF CHICAGO



FRANZ JOSEPH
EMPEROR OF AUSTRIA AND
KING OF HUNGARY

Chicago, April 8, 1915.

Dear Friend.—

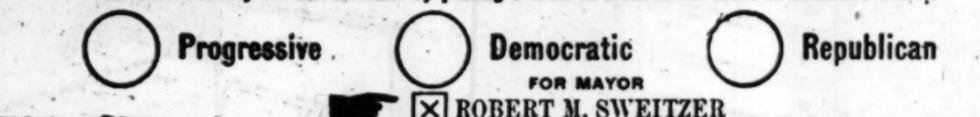
German and Austrian-American citizens (men and women) have a duty to perform in Chicago on next Tuesday, April 6th, a duty which is of the utmost importance to every person of German and Austrian birth or descent, in every part of the world.

Germany and Austria were driven into a war last year with nearly every nation in Europe. The war was forced upon Germany and Austria. They did not seek it. Germans and Austria are sure to win, but need the united support of Germans and Austrians everywhere and under all conditions. You, your relatives and friends, can be of great assistance to Germany and Austria next Tuesday, by electing Robert M. Sweitzer, an honest, efficient, loyal and energetic German-American, Mayor of Chicago.

Chicago has a larger German population than any city in the world, excepting Berlin and Vienna, and the German, Austrian and Hungarian-Americans should, at this coming election, set aside every other consideration and vote as a unit for Robert M. Sweitzer. Stand shoulder to shoulder in this election as our countrymen in the trenches and on the high seas are fighting for the preservation of our dear Fatherland. The election of a German-American would be a fitting answer to the defamers of the Fatherland and cause a tremendous moral effect throughout the United States and re-echo in Germany, Austria and Hungary. Our countrymen in the Fatherland are bitterly complaining about the unfair treatment accorded them by the majority of American newspapers.

Let us on next Tuesday, April 6th, flash the message throughout the world that the second largest city in the United States has elected for its Mayor a German-American, Robert M. Sweitzer. It will be a wonderful encouragement to the friends of the German cause and the most effective rebuke to Anti-German agitation throughout this country.

Vote next Tuesday for Mr. Sweitzer by placing a cross in front of his name as indicated below:



Progressive

Democratic
FOR MAYOR

Republican

ROBERT M. SWEITZER



Here are facsimiles of the fa-
mous "fatherland" appeal that
figured in the Thompson-Sweitzer
campaign four years ago, and the
campaign buttons of "Unser Bill"
and "Unser Bob" worn in the clos-
ing days of the battle between
Austrian Hoyne, who has mailed copies
of the appeal and the buttons to
the voters in the present cam-
paign, says they support his con-
tention that both Thompson and
Sweitzer should be blamed for the
raising of racial issues in Chicago
politics.

Robert, therefore, has not a drop of
German blood in his veins, and
further, that Robert M. Sweitzer is
a Roman Catholic faith.

"I ask the Scandinavians, Poles,
Germans, Protestants, and
Masons to contrast these indecent
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with the name of his dead father, which
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BERLIN CHEERS "AMERICA" AND BRITISH SONGS

Writer Finds the German Capital Full of Contradictions.

BY RICHARD HENRY LITTLE.
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)

(Copyright 1919, by the Tribune Company.)

BERLIN, via Paris, March 23.—Visitors to Berlin always seem to meet the opposite of what they expect. The tourist's travel note is confined to American army officers with a sprinkling of representatives of the other allies. The trouble is that the visitors come with a sense of consistency not geared up to the amazing contrasts of Berlin.

Two weeks ago some army officers came to Berlin much as though they were making a trip to Paris or London. They expected to alight calmly at the railway station, buy a cigar, have a drive comfortably in the hotel and speed the next day with the sights, the emperor's palace and the Tiergarten.

These tourists usually had to snap off the train on the opposite side to the one on which the joyous Spartans were making a machine gun attack. They had to run down alleys, dodging bullets until they reached the hotel, breathlessly asking what kind of a town this was anyhow.

It's Different Now.

Since stories of the revolution have been published, the officers come into Berlin in a cloud of bathe before they get within sight of the city. Sometimes they leave the train at a suburban station and approach the hotel cautiously, reconnoitering each block. As soon as they arrive some one is likely to introduce them to the bartender.

The bartender has two civilian suits of clothes to rent and takes them to Kranzler's, the famous wine shop, the Collier Inn. After dinner he offers them the choice of going to "The Dolar Princess," "Tis Springtime," "Gelsha," "Madame Sherry," the grand opera, Shakespeare, "Peer Gynt," or a dozen other plays or movies with supper after the show.

It is quite a shock to the visitor whose mind is made up that while in Berlin he is going to see a murder every block. I met a new officer last

night who was fully prepared for an emergency. He was wearing a patent leather coat, and his baggage consisted mainly of a steel helmet and first aid packages.

Scene at Theater.

I lent the officer my pants, got him out from the elevator boy, a lift from the "Geisha" over in the Alexanderplatz neighborhood. He could hardly believe that only a few days ago hot battles had taken place there, it was so quiet now. He also was surprised to see the big German audience thoroughly enjoying an English play. The opera was given just the same as in America, except for the German spoken on the stage for most of the lines, although many English words were repeated.

The officers in the play were British naval uniforms and sang songs without cutting a syllable describing how brave, gallant, and irresistible was the British navy. This was ennobled entirely by the audience.

The English interpolated local girls in the song, one verse of which, when quite freely translated, was:

Stand.

PEACE CRISIS DUE THIS WEEK; BLOWUP FEARED

Say Wilson Must Come to
"Showdown" on U. S.

Stand.

(Continued from first page.)

a Franco-American alliance in American political ripples. Like Banquo's ghost, this hope won't.

MAKING CHANGES.

BY RICHARD HENRY LITTLE.
(Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.)

(Copyright 1919, by the Tribune Company.)

PARIS, March 23.—[By Wireless.] Tomorrow will be an extremely important day for President Wilson and those who are seeking to bring the league of nations covenant before the peace conference for final action.

One of the proposals which it is un-

derstood the president and Col. House will propose is that the covenant

be amended to strengthen the Monroe doctrine.

According to it no non-American nation shall acquire property on the western hemisphere by purchase or otherwise

without the consent of the governments of the western hemisphere.

This is rather a direct recognition of the Monroe doctrine, although it does not confer on the United States the right of intervention in such attempted actions. It recalls the controversy over Japan's lease of

property rights on Magdalena bay from the Mexican government which brought a condemnatory resolution from the United States.

Comment has been excited by the absence of Premier Orlando of Italy from conferences held recently by President Wilson and premiers of other countries.

It is supposed, however, that he

refrained from attending the meetings

because the representatives of the other allied countries failed to discuss the settlement of the Austrian-Italian question privately, knowing well

Premier Orlando's position in the matter.

Anxiety Over Poland.

PARIS, Saturday, March 23.—[By the Associated Press.]—When the council of great powers met today it was in an atmosphere of considerable apprehension over Poland, which is the chief subject of discussion. This is not on account of Poland itself, but of differences of opinion as to what should be done with it.

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SLOT MACHINES RUN IN PRECINCT GALLERY RULES

Raiders Confiscate Seven
While Captain Works
on Murder.

The old still is on—but Inspector of Morals Hugh T. McCarthy has a little time to tell concerning eight slot machines in seven saloons in the district commanded by Capt. Michael J. Galley.

McCarthy and nineteen squads of investigators went through Chicago Saturday night and Sunday morning, looking for signs of any loosening of the old. The slot machines and some Sunday closing violations were the only ones that were reported.

Galley's command takes in the Dilling street district and the old Thirty-fifth street precinct. There is a hot election fight there, and there have been many rumors of "opening up the town."

Confiscate Machines.

"We went out Friday night," said McCarthy, "and got the evidence on the slot machines. Saturday night we went out there in force, going to the seven saloons at the same time, and confiscated the machines.

"We got two in the saloon of Will Ham Daniels, 601 West Thirty-first street, one in Frank Down's place, 2838 Wallace street, and one each in the bar rooms of Paul Menker, 3465 South Morgan street; George Weller, 2128 South Halsted street; Stanley Doers, 3201 Racine avenue; and Peter Wodman, 3283 Lime street."

"The slot machine in Witzel's place was affixed to a music box, and was valued at \$500. We also confiscated a punch board in Wodman's saloon. All the machines were in perfect working order, and had many nickels in them."

"I visited these places Thursday and Friday," said Captain McCarthy, "and I am satisfied there were no slot machines there. I can show that Lieut. Bertram Cleghorn and I called in all the day men Saturday and had them working until after midnight, with the night men, under orders to visit all the saloons and poolrooms in the district, arrest all gamblers, and confiscate all gambling devices."

Was Busy on Murder.

"I was busy on a murder case Sunday, and did not personally give the gambling investigation the attention it deserved. But I thought it better to clean up the murder first. Investigating the killing, however, we started at the east end of the territory and began going through all the saloons. We had started at the west end and I am sure we would have found those slot machines."

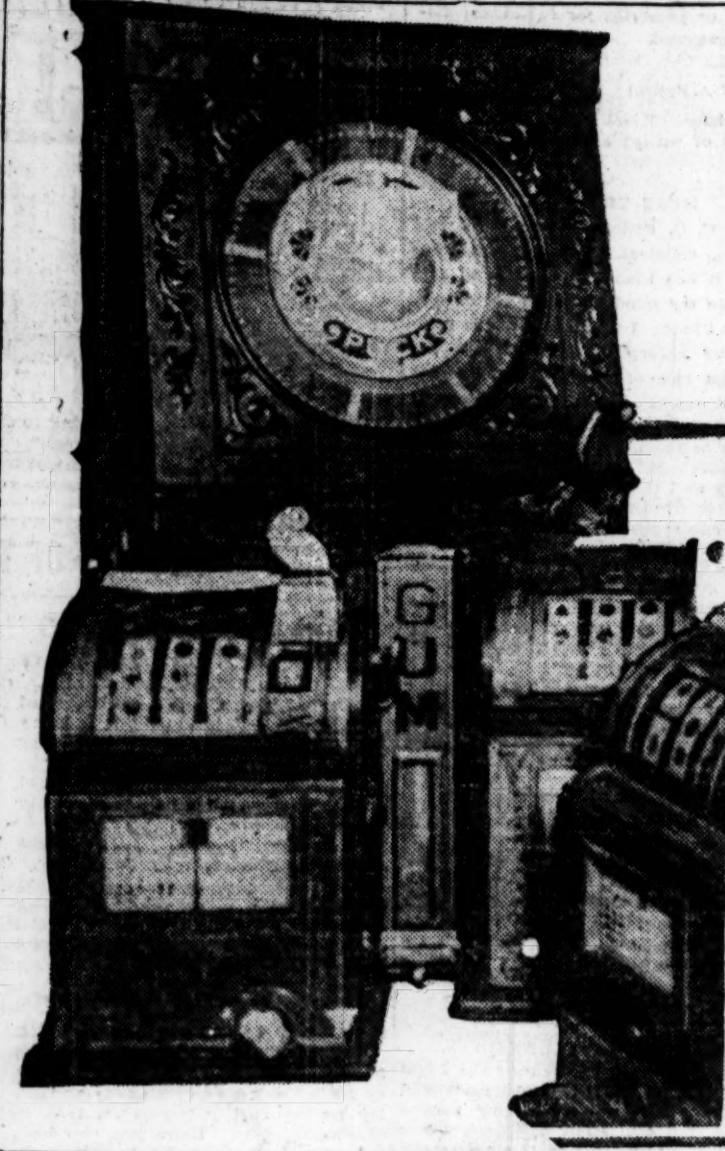
"We would have found them anyway if we had some investigators unknown to the saloonkeepers out here. That's one big trouble; all our men are known. These fellows may have kept those machines in storerooms and basements, and put them out for play Saturday night."

He's Investigating.

"I talked to Menker some time ago. He said he had disposed of his machine. I am making a strict investigation to find out who put those machines in the saloons, and who told

FOUND "UNDER THE LID"

Slot Machines Seized in Capt. Michael J. Galley's Precinct by Raiders from Second Deputy's Office.



the saloonkeepers to put them in operation Saturday night."

McCarthy's men found a number of saloons open Sunday. He and Detectives Murphy and Diententhal gained entrance to a flat above the saloon of Almer Coe, 216 South Michigan street. The saloon was closed. Berstein and twenty-five others were drinking in the flat, McCarthy says.

The saloons of George Spackman, 3700 West Twenty-sixth street, Gerringe Brothers, 1605 Clybourn avenue, and John Bogers, 1401 West Fifteenth street were reported "wide open and

on Saturday night."

Norman Cardinell, 1829 West Superior street, 17 years old, was shot in the left ankle last night by a policeman. He and five other young men were shooting dice in an alley near his home. Police Officer Sievers and Rowell approached. The boys ran. The police, becoming suspicious that there had been a robbery—they had not observed the game—fired in the air. One of their bullets ricocheted and struck young Cardinell. He was taken to the bridewell hospital. His companions gave themselves up and were arrested.

Capt. L. J. Quillin Comes to Attend Wife's Funeral

Capt. Lawrence J. Quillin, who was in charge of Base Hospital unit No. 35 in France, will return to Chicago to attend the funeral of his wife, Mrs. Capt. B. Boone of Morgan Park, who he would come here at once for the funeral services.

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Boy Fleeting Dice Game Shot in Ankle by Cop

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FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MASTER JUNE 3, 1868, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

All unsolicited articles, manuscripts, letters and pictures sent to "The Tribune" are sent at the owner's risk, and the Tribune company expressly renounces any liability or responsibility for their safe custody or return.

MONDAY, MARCH 24, 1919.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."

—Stephen Decatur.

THE TRIBUNE'S PLATFORM FOR CHICAGO

1—South shore—south park plan.
2—Modernize Chicago water department.
3—Extend the Chicago plan—completion of the Twelfth street project and Michigan avenue link-development of Ogden avenue extension, etc.
4—Complete railroad terminals under way and develop other new terminals.
5—Build boulevards along the drainage canals and connect them with the park system.
6—Lessen the Smoke Horror.

VOTE FOR HOYNE.

THE TRIBUNE is for Hoyne because we believe that in spite of his faults he is the best candidate presented in the election. Thompson is a demagogue, directed by Lundin. Lundin is a shrewd organizer of demagogery. He knows how to get the vote. Thompson bellows to it. Lundin gets it. They do not care how they get it or where they get it. We may have four more years of this, but it is a bad time to have it.

It is a bad time because social conditions are in flux, and although we know that the American political system will emerge from the trouble we do not know how much trouble there will be. Thompson is an aggravation of the trouble. The fact that he is an intentionally inefficient administrator of municipal affairs is almost insignificant. As a demagogue he is a load of straw thrown into a barn in which a fire already has started.

If Thompson as a demagogue is a bad candidate in times which demand stability and common sense, Sweitzer is also a bad candidate. Sweitzer's integrity and honesty, his personal attributes, will not clear the slate. In the minds of a great many people he represents public utility corporations in politics. Grant the injustices of this conception of him. We are dealing with public emotions and shall have to stand the consequences of them.

It is a bad time for a demagogue to be put in office. It is a bad time for a man popularly supposed to be favored by public utilities to be put in office. Public sentiment will be influenced in either case and the stability which public administration must seek will not be found.

Sweitzer's preparation for the most important administrative office in the city has been in one of the useful but inconspicuous offices of public service in the county. We believe he has proved himself efficient there. That proves nothing as to his efficiency elsewhere. It is not unkind to him to say that if Chicago were really drawing upon available talent for the important office it will fill in this election, it would not even consider the possibility of Sweitzer.

The best we could expect from Sweitzer would be an honest mediocrity. The city deserves better than that. The worst would be the spreading of the idea that the utility corporations had put something over—whether they had or not. In these times that would be a very bad idea to gain ground.

We have thus a dangerous demagogue on the Republican ticket, and on the Democratic ticket a man who represents in the minds of a dangerous large number of voters the force of reaction.

Hoyne is his own man. He represents Americanism. Thompson's record is clouded. Sweitzer could not question Thompson's Americanism. Thompson could come back at him. The city needs Americanism. Hoyne is an American.

The city needs an American mayor. It is and must be an American city. Its soldiers are coming home. Its problems are American problems. It must preserve American habits and develop them. It must carry American political laws and American structure of government and life through the times which will make trouble for both.

Hoyne, of all the candidates presented, is the man to do it. His faults do not touch his ability to do this. He is not a demagogue who would modify his patriotism to get the German vote, temporize with his Americanism to please a class of voters, or bellow at the dissatisfied to make them more satisfied with him and less content to live in the habits of life which the American republic must preserve if it is to preserve itself. He is not in popular estimation associated with interests which may come in conflict with public interests. His election will not persuade any class of voters that they have been sold out. His election will not put a demagogue in office. He may not make the best mayor Chicago ever had, but he will make the best mayor Chicago at this time can get out of this election.

A vote for Hoyne is a vote for Hoyne and for the best government Chicago can hope to get for the next four years.

FAUGH!

We believe that the most generous attitude toward Secretary Baker would lie in the expression of a hope that the charges of obstruction against him are overdrawn.

We do not know that the charges made by Maj. Dick B. Foster are true. Maj. Foster says they are true, and in so saying he would invite immediate rebuke if proven wrong. Foster speaks as former member of a court martial before which 136 persons were tried as conscientious objectors. This court, we are told, was secretly ordered to "quietly ignore" and to use "kindly consideration" in dealing with men who came accused of inveigling against the nation.

Regardless of these charges, there is every fair evidence to invite the conclusion that Baker is the worst possible man for the post he occupied in this war. War in itself implies the supreme strength of the nation. Baker has been weak in imparting information to the public, weak in permitting the nation to endure ignorance of the national condition, weak in his management of aircraft, and now he is accused of condoning the unpardonable offense in the eyes of patriotic Americans, the offense of hampering the nation in its time of greatest stress.

Maj. Foster says the slackers were gently freed and given money, some \$400 and some \$600, to pay

them for their time in prison. Here is a fragrant spectacle—paying men for evading their patriotic duty; sheltering them under the bastion of dead heroes' bodies! Faugh!

LABOR DICTATION OR LABOR SERFDOM.

Mr. John Fitzpatrick, who is running for mayor as candidate of the newly organized labor party, says:

"Either we will have a labor dictation or a labor serfdom."

We do not think Mr. Fitzpatrick is talking like an American. We do not think any American will accept his declaration.

There will be no labor dictation while there is Americanism in this country, because Americanism does not mean the warfare of classes but the cooperation and constant transfiguration of classes. Mr. Fitzpatrick is using the slogan of European revolutionary radicalism; he is borrowing from Karl Marx and Lassalle, but we think the American life and American character call for a different spirit and a different hope. In spite of social evils and economic inequities, America is not Russia nor Austria nor Italy nor France nor England. Only fanatics or politicians or overexcited altruists use the flaming formulas which the wrongs of the old world have produced. Americans know how to work out their own forms of progress and will do it without dictatorship, or reigns of terror, or conditions of serfdom.

There will be no dictation of labor, unless it is the dictation at the ballot box of all Americans who all labor in one way or another. A dictation by Mr. Fitzpatrick's labor party is another matter entirely. We think the farmers and the millions of nonmanual workers would have something to say about that.

For the other cheerful alternative Mr. Fitzpatrick offers, a labor serfdom, he is again using a foreign revolutionary slogan, and we think it is an insult to the American people which fought a bloody civil war to free African slaves and have created by generations of industry and intelligent discussion an atmosphere in which no self-government can endure. Socialist phrases like "wage slaves," "labor serfdom," etc., are political rhetoric which have no more truth as applied to Americans than comes from the fact all honest men admit, that we are slaves in some sense or other.

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Such figures prove that consumption is not the cause of disease. It is not consumption.

"Take this 'ere wheat 'till we've got 'er eat—Ez high 'er knee."

"An' then ez high's a feller's thigh; Don't stop ter rest but does it jest Extempor."

"So with toad-stools, an' human fools, With funguses, an' snakes an' fleas. With nettles, rash, an' calpash. An' calpeez."

"They all hev come from this 'ere scum That no one's ev'ry kin disisce. It set givin' me."

"You've said suthin'! I see real kind of tense; An' I be thinkin' bout it ever sense."

"P. S. W. THE contrib who took time by the forelock and telephoned us the Root beer wheeze when it was fresh must have had a hunch that it would get stale."

CONSIDERABLE progress has been made in the study of lethargic encephalitis. Dr. Flexner reports that it is not a result of the flu.

They Hug That Hope.

SH: Do the prohibitionists think the country will be dry by 1920?

CAMILLUS.

WHAT annoys some folks is the thought that, fifty or a hundred years hence, Woodrow Wilson will be represented in history as a president who labored with the patience of a Lincoln, to persuade a reluctant nation to enter the war against Germany.

AS we see it, one serious objection to Candidate Sweitzer is that he will take a lot of votes away from Thompson.

THE LIBEL WAS ON OLD FRANK ADAMS.

SH: A loyal contrib hopes that you will get even with the cartoonist, who libeled you in last Thursday's Tribune.

W. M. B.

AN English artist, Aleister Crowley, paints his pictures with his eyes shut, which is an explanation if not an excuse. One of his canvases is entitled, "Young Bolshevik with Wart Looking at Trotsky." Who is a sort of super-wart.

STICKING CLOSE TO HIS WORK.

(From the Des Moines Register.)

John Walker, Shenandoah, detective for Major J. M. McGlone to search out boozers and drunks, has been on the job for 10 days in jail by Judge Frederick Fischer when he failed to tell where he found a supply of which it was said he had imbibed too freely.

A VERY Old Subscriber protests to the littry editor against the use by Mary Hastings Bradley of "stories which society has agreed to screen."

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SMALL TOWN STUFF.

Roland Frenell went to Galesburg to purchase a house to use on the rural route, but he found his house had been sold the day before he wanted had been sold the day before.

Perhaps you have a better bunch, but I suggest for this—

WHAT BECAME OF THE REST OF NEWT?

Frank P. Nessel delivered a nice bunch of Newt Bucker the other day recently.

The following is pretty merely—

PREOCIOUS.

When four years of age his parents moved from Pennsylvania to Fulton county, Illinois. A snappy line for this would be well—

REWRITING CURRENT HISTORY.

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WHAT BE

LATIN AMERICA COLD TO MONROE CREED IN LEAGUE

Think Doctrine Should Be
Extended to Whole
World.

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.

Washington, D. C., March 23.—(Special)—South and Central American republics are cold to the proposition of incorporating a recognition of the Monroe doctrine in the league of nations covenant.

The Latin-American nations endorse the league of nations, except that the Monroe doctrine need not be applied, but it does not mean that the Monroe doctrine has ceased to exist.

Argentina.—"Chargé d'affaires said he could not answer the question without consulting his government, to which he had cabled for instructions.

Mexico.—Ambassador said he was "too busy to make a statement."

Nicaragua.—Minister did not care to answer.

Honduras.—"If a league of nations is formed and works in a satisfactory way, what necessity is there of a Monroe doctrine when the countries of America are guaranteed that they shall not be attacked by other nations?"

"Say Doctrine Lives."

Bolivia.—"The Monroe doctrine lives itself and means the consecration of the western hemisphere for democracy."

Panama.—We Latin-Americans consider the pan-American union has superseded the Monroe doctrine. We feel the Monroe doctrine is no longer vital."

Uruguay.—"We do not care to say anything on the subject."

Chile.—Ambassador "would not answer for any reason."

Colombia.—If established as should be done there is no objection in my opinion for any reservation about the Monroe doctrine. The league of nations in fact would be the universalization of the Monroe doctrine."

Salvador.—Minister would like to study the question before answering.

The ministers from Colombia and Ecuador, and the chargé d'affaires of Guatemala said they could not answer without instructions from their governments.

GLOBE SPRINKLERS
FIREMEN EVERY TEN FEET

Fast Work

"The opening of the heads gave an alarm. The insurance patrol immediately reported that the fire had been extinguished by the time they arrived," writes W. A. Haines, Philadelphia.

Let GLOBE Sprinklers protect your property.

GLOBE AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER CO.

1106 Association Bldg. Randolph 3355

GLOBE Sprinklers protect the property of Sharpe & Dohme, Baltimore, Md.



KIMBALL PHONOGRAPHS

KIMBALL PHONOGRAPHS
In the KIMBALL PHONOGRAPH we present the realization of an ideal—the PERFECT Phonograph—reproducing with marvelous fidelity the natural tones of voice or instrument revealing wondrous physical beauty, and playing all records of any size or make without extra attachment. We ask no more than that you see and hear the KIMBALL in comparison with other Phonographs.

New Models, \$110 to \$250
You'll Like Our Terms, Too

W. W. KIMBALL CO.
Chicago—Established 1887

Pianos, Organs, Player Pianos,
Phonographs, Music Rolls,
Pathéphones and Pathé Records.

Southwest Corner
Wabash and Jackson



SHRAPNEL ARMY OFFICERS PUSH INQUIRIES INTO GRAFT TALE

Self-Wounded Man Gives
New Details of
Charges.

Christ Christophilos, brother of the dying man.

A third investigation under the supervision of Maj. Earl P. Zimmerman, in charge of the department in which Christophilos was employed, has been completed, Maj. Zimmerman declared. He was satisfied there was nothing irregular, and he said he considered Christophilos insane.

Major McClain to Investigate.
Maj. Hoyt N. McClain, storage officer for the district and Maj. Zimmerman's superior, professed ignorance of the charges and of the commitment of Christophilos.

"There never has been a report of any kind made to me," he said. "I feel that if such a thing happened I should have been notified, and I shall inquire why it was not called to my attention. Whether the man is insane or not, I shall order an inquiry into the case tomorrow."

Another officer, who took an interest in the Christophilos charges, was Col. E. H. Humphrey, chief of staff for the central department.

"I have heard nothing officially of the case, but I shall look into it," he said.

Christophilos Tells Story.
Propped up in his cot at the hospital, Christophilos told the following story:

"One day Lieut. _____ gave me a bolt of army overcoat goods. I did not want to take it, but he said it would be all right. I took it home with me and it is there now."

"In February there was to be an inspection and everybody was working hard to get ready for it. I was working in the stock room one day when I saw a Lieut. _____ throw a book back of some boxes. I went over after a while and asked him what he was doing. He told me that he had called up his men from the depot and he had paid in. I showed it to some boys and they told me to turn it in at the office because it was very valuable."

"Maj. McClain, the inspector, came next day, and I tried to see him, but the Lieutenant changed my job and put me to work on the third floor, telling me not to say anything to the inspector."

"The next day I went up to the office and found a Lieutenant there, with some depot men I did not know. The Detectives from the bureau of graft and fraud of the central division also were active. An operative questioned

several investigations of his story of alleged army graft at the quartermaster's depot at Thirty-sixth and Franklin streets were being pushed by army officials. Louis Christophilos, former civilian employee, told his charges last night at the suburban Park Hospital. He is said to be dying of self-inflicted knife wounds.

A reporter for THE TRIBUNE he detailed in a rational manner the same talk which, coupled with his actions at the depot on Feb. 18, caused his commitment to the insane asylum at Dunning.

"While some army officers were positive in their charges separated from a sound mind, others placed a silent faith in his statements to declare they warranted a sweeping inquiry. It developed that three distinct investigations

have been directed at the army depot recently on his story.

Crockett Admits Inquiry.

Maj. Thomas B. Crockett, chief intelligence officer, admitted that his department was working on the case.

"We have been investigating, but our inquiry has not yet culminated," he said. "There have been no arrests. Beyond that I cannot give out any information."

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"Business Editorials" That Place Before the Public Our Ideals of Service

MARSHALL, FIELD & COMPANY editorials, appearing recently from time to time in our regular advertisements, have placed before the public the spirit and ideals of our Store.

They have revealed the Store as a creator of merchandise, and have detailed its influence, through the practice of constructive merchandising, in raising standards of quality.

Thus far these editorials have unfolded such facts as show:

That our own manufacture of certain lines has been undertaken because this offered the only means of effecting improvements indicated by popular need.

That the Store's experience with a small cobbling shop led to the establishment of a great shoemaking plant.

That we have organized our merchandising knowledge, making it scientific rather than experimental—others may guess; we know.

That we have been influential not alone in raising standards in the shops and factories we own or control, but in those outside our supervision.

That we have taken an important part in restoring the beauty of period furniture design.

That in rugs we have induced the Orient to accept our American modifications, while in domestic floor-coverings we have created a line that establishes an art style typical of American ideas.

That in women's garments we have specified deep seams, so apparel can be readily altered or repaired.

That in nightdresses, despite advancing costs in cotton, we allowed no manufacturer to narrow hems or skimp materials.

That in men's clothing we enforce—in 49 specifications—probably the strictest clothing quality-code in the world.

That we have realized the importance of bedding with relation to health, insisting scrupulously on hygienic manufacture.

The foregoing is the substance of editorials thus far printed. They exemplify phases of our Service in Merchandise. Other editorials, presenting further aspects of our ceaseless effort to promote quality, will continue to appear from time to time with our merchandising announcements.

These editorials say: "Not Size, but Service."

MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY

1.29

The Store of To-day and To-morrow

THE FAIR

Established 1875 by E. J. Lehmann

State, Adams and Dearborn Streets

Nightgowns of Crepe de Chine, 4.45

HERE are women's nightgowns of soft, silky crepe de chine, very sheer and clinging, yet very dependable.

All are made in V-neck slipover styles and every one is very prettily trimmed with lace and ribbon. Pink is the color. Special today and tomorrow at

4.45

Porto Rican and Philippine Gowns, 2.85

We must praise the little brown people of Porto Rico and the Philippines for their skill in making undergarments. From the simplest materials they fashion garments of exquisite daintiness—garments that give excellent service.

These Porto Rican and Philippine nightgowns of fine, sheer nainsook are hand sewn and hand embroidered in the daintiest of patterns. Pretty scalloped edges, eyelets and ribbons make them more attractive. Special today and tomorrow, 2.85

Third Floor

Gloves

should be chosen with great care. We have a splendid selection of the best grades. Specials for today and tomorrow:

Children's white silk gloves in an excellent value, 50c

Women's chamoisette gloves, splendid quality, in the new shades of gray, \$1.69c grade, at

Women's double tip silk gloves, broken lines of 1.75 and \$2 qualities, wonderful values, special at 1.05

Main Floor

Charming Hats for Spring

The loveliest new millinery and the most charming styles of the new season are on display in our popular millinery section. All the new and becoming models—close fitting turbans, sailors, Mitzi, large drooping hats, hats with bows, etc., in a variety of shapes for the matron of lisere, milan, horse hair, and Neapolitan braid, effectively trimmed with charming flowers, feather fancies, ostrich novelties, cherries, and ribbon. All the newest shades and a wonderful showing of black. Many of these clever hats are faced with georgette crepe and satin. Excellent values at this moderate price.

\$10

The Very Latest Foulard Silks

FOULARD SILKS This season's favored fashion-able dress silks, beautiful all-silk novelty foulards in a great variety of colors and styles, 40 inches wide, on sale today and tomorrow at the yard.

2.39

Radium Chiffon Taffetas Advance information proclaims these beautiful mellow chiffon radium taffetas one of the leaders for spring and summer costumes; yard wide, all leading shades, special at 2.55

35c

Black "Satin Royal"—This splendid wearing all-silk satin, full 40 inches wide, will surely be appreciated today; while 50 pieces last, 1.95

1.85

In crepe tub shirting silks we offer an assortment you will find hard to equal; genuine tub shirtings, fancy-striped, all-silk shirtings, special at 1.85

48c

French tissue, very choice styles and colorings, fancy plaid, checks, etc., beautiful wash dress fabrics, the 48c

3.95 & 5.45

Second Floor

\$5 Silver Cloth Pumps at 1.35

A DOLLAR THIRTY-FIVE for a pair of five dollar pumps? How can we do it?

A very fortunate purchase of a maker's surplus stock is the reason for this unusually low price

—and we want you to benefit by it.

There are just 550 pairs, including all sizes and widths.

THE pumps are perfect fitting, have long vamps, pointed toes, snug fitting heels, nonslip back stays, hand turned soles, Louis heels, covered with silver cloth. Think of it! A 1.35

pair of these attractive \$5 pumps for

Second Floor



On sale

today and

tomorrow

8,000 Yards Table Damask 1.29 Yard

Fine, imported Irish table damask, 70 inches wide, regularly priced at 1.98 yard, on sale today and tomorrow only, limit of 10 yards to the customer, at the yard.

1.29

Table napkins, of import- ed union linen, 22-inch size, regular 9.50 value, specially priced today and tomorrow at the dozen, 4.49

89c

Pure Irish linen crash, bleached or brown, limit of 15 yards to customer, today and tomorrow, the yard, 25c

Remnants of table linen and crash, there are at least 2,000 pieces placed on sale for today and tomorrow, at

25% Off

our regular marked price for these goods.

Second Floor

Hurd's is a name to conjure with in the paper world. Hurd's watermark in paper is like "sterling" on silver.

Hurd's Legation Linen

Correspondence

Paper,

120 Sheets, 75c

Here is a lot of fine correspondence paper made for one of the largest jewelry houses in the world by Geo. B. Hurd & Company, but the mill man used just a trifle too much color in the bleach, so the color became "blue white" instead of "dead white," as specified. The lot was rejected, we bought it and are enabled to offer our customers a wonderful bargain. Box of 120 sheets (1½ lbs.) today and tomorrow for 75c.

Envelopes to match, box of 125 for 75c; the pack, 18c.

FIGURES BELIE MAYOR'S CLAIMS OF CRIME CURB

Record of Progress,"
Says 61 Pct. Decrease;
Facts Show Jump.

BY ARTHUR M. EVANS.
(With article on the record of Thompson as mayor.)

While Mayor Thompson is galloping around the city telling one audience after another that his administration has decreased crime 61 per cent since the middle of 1915, his chief of police, John J. Garry, is contradicting "your mayor." The chief is admitting, in effect, that crime at present is on a steep upward glide.

Every one knows it, except "hiz-mor," acknowledging the fact herefore would have interfered with the city hall method of campaign. So the mayor has forgotten that during one year of his administration Chicago had more bank robberies than any whole state in the union. The number was eleven, and that surpasses even Oklahoma.

The mayor overlooks the fact that burglary insurance has been boosted in Chicago during his term, and that underworlders have refused to take holdups insurance except at a prohibitive tax. The mayor does not remember that during two years of his administration Chicago led the large cities of this country in the number of automobiles stolen. During one part of the mayor's incumbency there was a palpable robbery nearly every Saturday noon.

Peculiar Pamphlet.

The mayor's booklet, "Record of Progress," neglects to relate information of this kind. It says, "page 18—that the reduction in crime" has been "nearly over 61 per cent" between June 1915 and Dec. 1, 1918. A chart is presented to prove the assertion. The city hall prepared the figures on which the chart was made. They show the alleged number of criminal complaints. Unfortunately, other public records are available, and they will be presented here because the "Record of Progress" failed to print them.

Record Frightens Mayor's Camp.

Chief Garry recognizes that the crime record is shooting skyward. He is also afraid that it will injure the mayor's chance of reelection. The right is shared by the mayor's other advisers, and it was decided last week to nullify, if possible, the effect of the increase in crime.

First, Garry gave out an interview blaming the captains and other subordinate officers for the crime conditions. He threatened to shakeup the department—move the captains into different districts. That was recognized at first sight as poor stuff. It was an admission that the department had

been bad for years within Chicago. They admit that the number is increasing.

Since 1915 homicides, the coroner's record indicates, that these have increased 57 per cent this winter over the winter before Thompson was inaugurated. By winter is meant December, January, and February. This winter the number is 104—an average of more than a death a day for the period. The winter before the arrival of Thompson the number was 66.

The incidents by shooting have increased 53 per cent. The number this winter is 69, as against 45 in the cold season of 1914-15.

All homicides are not murder. But a coroner's jury has decided that of the 104 killed this winter were murdered. Instead of decreasing, there is a jump of about 80 per cent.

Murder Every Other Day.

As against 48 murders this winter, there were 50 in the winter of 1918-19, 49 in 1917, 45 in 1916, 50 in 1915, 48 in 1914, 41 in 1913, 42 in 1912.

The decrease in murder is not apparent. In the years between 1915 and 1918, both inclusive, the coroner shows 767 murders—an average of one every other day. The overwhelming majority of these were in Chicago, and William Hale Thompson has been mayor since April 26, 1915.

It may amuse him to tell his audience that crime has decreased 61 per cent, but he cannot expect that every one is a dupe who listens to him. Some remember that the Chicago Carriage Exchange reported about a month ago that its members had lost \$146,000 to thieves since Feb. 1, 1918. Nearly every one can remember back a month and recall that \$4,000 was stolen from the Merchants' bank on Feb. 28. This is the same bank that was robbed of \$1,500 on April 26 of last year.

A Few Other Robberies.

It is readily recalled that John Woods was robbed of about \$4,000 just after he left the Kaspar State bank on March 1. If crime has decreased 61 per cent how does the mayor account for the taking of \$2,260 from the John Zagar bank on March 9? If 61 per cent of the thieves have moved out of Chicago who attempted to get the \$80,000 in the Metropolitan bank on March 12, and who was it on the next day who after \$15,000 in cash and \$26,000 in Liberty bonds in the Adams State bank?

How does the mayor explain the stealing of \$4,000 from Sam Ginsburg on March 14 and \$7,000 from the Sykes Roofing company on March 18, and \$4,500 from the Ward Dairy company on the next day, and \$1,658 from the Emery Motor Livery company on the following day?

These are just a few of the high spots in this month's record to date. If the mayor thinks this March has a smaller crime record than last March he is only fooling himself.

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62 ILLINOISANS HELD OFF 1,000, SOLDIERS SAY

Two Men Returned from German Prisons Assert Officers Fled.

BY C. V. JULIAN.

New York, March 23.—[Special.] Surrounded, deserted by their lieutenants and two of their sergeants, sixty-two men of the One Hundred and Thirty-first Infantry, formerly of the First Illinois National Guard Regiment, held off 1,000 Germans for five hours at Connewitz and yielded only when their last cartridge had been fired. By then only eleven of the sixty-two remained.

This is the story told here by Private John Lepton of Lake Bluff and Ralph Villano of 1307 Twenty-second Avenue, Melrose Park, who were among the 6,805 overseas troops who landed here today. Both had been prisoners in Germany and were released on Dec. 8.

Sergeant Took Command.

A Sergt. Torcet of Chicago assumed command of the sixty-two surrounded men after the other officers had fled. Lepton and Villano said. They said Torcet is still in France.

"There were sixty-two of us, all members of Company G of the old First Illinois," said Lepton. "Sergt. Torcet took command and refused to surrender."

"It was about noon when we were cut off. We kept up the battle for five hours and a half after that. Villano was working our machine gun, and he kept it going till the barrel was red hot. At 5:30 that afternoon we had no more machine gun ammunition and our rifle cartridges were all gone. There were only eleven of us left on our feet then, so we decided we had done all we could and then raised the white flag."

The captured Chicago men were taken to the prison camp at Hastatt, where they were held until last December.

Lieut. Swift Back.

Lieut. Louis F. Swift Jr. of Chicago, was another arrival today. He was met here by his mother and by his sister-in-law, Mrs. Alden Swift. Lieut. Swift was attached to the 332d Machine Gun company and did not get into action.

Stories of cruelties to Lithuanian prisoners, even after the signing of the armistice, were related by Lieut. Hugh Dugan of Hindale, who had been held prisoner in a camp on the Baltic. Two weeks after the armistice was signed he said a German sentry shot and killed one British officer and wounded another because of a remark made by one of them concerning the manner in which the war was conducted.

With the detachment of base 13 which returned today were the following Chicagoans: Lieut. Col. Ralph G. Brown of 5728 Kenmore Avenue, Maj. Lee C. Gatewood of 5432 Woodlawn Avenue, Capt. Edwin Miller, Plaza hotel, Capt. Donald P. Abbott of 5716 Dorchester Avenue, and Lieut. Joseph P. Carlson of 277 Park Avenue, River Forest.

Casual officers who arrived here today included the following Chicagoans: Lieut. Lester Vocke of 1738 Este Avenue; Lieut. Frank Kramer, 2312 Lincoln Avenue; Lieut. Henry Dutten of 3272 Scoville Avenue; Lieut. Walter Morris of 3800 W. Congress Street. Private Harold McLaughlin of 5529 Cottage Grove Avenue also arrived to-day. He was a prisoner in Germany for a time.

Former German Envoys Pass Through St. Louis

St. Louis, Mo., March 23.—Carefully guarded by a cordon of United States secret service agents, Heinrich von Eckhardt, former German minister to Mexico, and Johannes Brunow, former German consul general to Mexico, and their entourage arrived today from Laredo, Tex., and departed tonight for New York, whence they are scheduled to sail the latter part of the week for a Spanish port en route to Germany.

One star in the shop is worth ten in the skies. One advertisement that "stands out" is worth twenty that are lost in the common ruck.

Glen Buck
Advertising
Michigan Boulevard Building
Chicago

The great
China
Buy Sale
Commerce
to-day
Revol's
Wabash Ave.

CHICAGO CASUALS REACH NEW YORK

NEW YORK, March 23.—[Special.]—Chicago soldiers who arrived here today among the casualties included the following:

SERGEANTS.

Robert Martin (Nero), 1641 Fulton-st. Ferri Laune, 3042 North Racine-av. Frank Plant, 4053 North Claremont-av. Carl Anderson, 1642 North Racine-av. CORPORALS.

James Sinclair, 1612 South Loomis-st. Hugo Van Pee, 1442 South Ashland-av. Carl Anderson, 1642 North Racine-av. SGT. MAJOR.

Bert Wade, 2822 Twenty-second-st. SGT. MAJOR.

Sampson Farrow, Willow Springs. George Bapst (Negro), 3810 Wabash-av. John Kembowski, 1612 Loomis-st. John Matson, 5026 South Mayet. Martin Boersma, 7012 Union-av. Louis Roselli, 1088 South Sangamon-av. Austin Reardon, 1000 North Walker-av. Philip Riedel, 1609 North Oak Park-av. John Groves, 4711 Calumet-av. Michel March, 6207 South State-av. Tony Kavaly, 3305 Auburn-av. Anthony Ferri, 933 West Folke-av. Gerald H. Johnson, 1607 South Folke-av. Giuseppe Di Pavia, 1442 Taylor-av. Leo Powell, 1907 Evergreen-av. Dewey Rector, 6415 Marshall-av. John W. Smith, 2028 North Mayet. Ralph Curran, 830 West Morton-av. Walter Greenwald, 1618 North Paulina-av. Francis Hausey, 10308 Avenue N. Francis McCarthy, 1642 S. Trumbull-av. Edward Kryszak, 2004 N. Springfield-av. Edward Mallon, Oak Park-av. Leon Ploof, 1303 Marquette-av. William P. Pyle, 727 Carlton-av. William F. Wright, 1618 North Paulina-av. Fred Friend, 6550 Belmont-av. Fred Maddux, 8205 S. Randolph-av. Harold McLaughlin, 5529 Cottage Grove-av. Robert Anderson, 4444 N. Marquette-av. Chicago men, who returned as members of the various units which arrived today, included:

SERGEANTS.

Clarence Everett, 1809 N. Crawford-av.

Former Chicago Preacher Begins in Philadelphia

Philadelphia, Pa., March 23.—The Rev. E. E. Robt. preached his first sermon here today as pastor of the First United Presbyterian church, Fifty-first and Arch and Baltimore avenues. Mr. Robt. was for six years pastor of the Sixth United Presbyterian church, Woodlawn Avenue and Sixty-second street, Chicago.

IT'S a good feeling to buy clothes and know that you're the judge; money refunded here if you're not 100 per cent satisfied

"That's my style!" says the young man when he sees the clothes we sell here

WE know what the young man wants; he's pleased; that's why he likes this store.

Right now the welt-waist effects are going very strong in double breasted and modified double breasted models. These suits and overcoats bear all of the newest style developments; peak lapels, sharply lined shoulders; correct modifications of the military types.

You'll find the best clothes here; for business, for dress, for college, for high school and for sport. Ready to walk out in; at one-half the price a good tailor would charge.

\$25 \$30 \$35 \$40 \$50 \$60

These excellent English-made overcoats are a real investment at \$35

COME in and choose yours; motor coats, top coats, dress overcoats, rain-or-shine overcoats. We have them in all models and fabrics; fine Scotch heather weaves, rich tweeds, fine vicunas, plaid Scotch mixtures. These are examples of the finest English workmanship; they bear the famous trademarks. You will seldom match values like \$35

Suits and overcoats are especially made by Hart Schaffner & Marx for this store at \$35

THEY represent the newest designs and the latest fashions for men and young men. They are without question the highest quality you can find in good, ready-to-wear clothes, embodying the latest metropolitan ideas. When you buy here you are sure of a satisfactory fit, regardless of your proportion or size. These are very special values at \$35

And wonderful variety at \$25, \$30, \$35, \$40, \$50, \$60

Maurice L. Rothschild

Good clothes; nothing else
Southwest Corner Jackson and State

Krohn Mughalian, 265 N. Kedzie-av. Orville Sagerd, 4544 North Racine-av. Lawrence Buchanan, 6330 Kenwood-av. COOK.

Charles Brodt, 6351 Wayne-av. PRIVATEERS.

Carl Pearson, 1642 North Claremont-av. Clarence O'Connor, 3423 S. Kenosha-av. Chester Lewis, 2461 Archer-av. George Newman, 547 N. Paulina-av. Fred Blum, 1642 North Claremont-av. William Bowes, 3119 Lindale-av. Roy Hedman, 6521 S. Marshfield-av. Edward Lucht, 1642 North Claremont-av. Daniel Murphy, 2031 S. Morgan-av. Ernest Malone, 4725 Prairie-av. Charles Wolman, Bewry, Ill. Stanley Chiles, 2249 S. Hogan-av. Walter Griffin, 2167 W. Homestead-av. John Murphy, 1642 North Claremont-av. Harry Shuman, 6008 Calumet-av. Tony Tipton, 668 Reed-av. Mathew Williams, 2223 Racine-av. John W. Wolf, 2028 North Mayet. Fred Weber, 1618 Fletcher-av. Leopold Wizniak, 1444 W. 49th-av. Lever Parish, 5018 Blackstone-av.

—

Newport News, Va., March 23.—[Special.]—Chicago Hell Cats, members of the Thirtieth (Old Hickory) division, returned this morning with more than 2,000 Tennesseans, who came back on the return Finland. They joined the One Hundred and Fourteenth field artillery and the One Hundred and Fifteenth machine gun battalion as replacements early in the war, and were with the Old Hickory when the organization was formed.

While these men from Chicago were covered with glory, there were among the sick and wounded several Chicagoans who bear both glory and almost indelible marks of the inferno through which they passed on the other side.

These men are tenderly cared for by the army authorities and the Red Cross nurses. The men are well fed and helped from the hospital by their own companies, and those who are weak are often picked up bodily by some hero and brought off in his arms.

Sgt. William Bennett, 2350 Lawrence avenue, member of the One-Hundred and Fourteenth machine gun bat-

talion, was one of the few members of the organization which reached Germany. Battalions of aeroplanes, horses and ordnance found it remain in France. The One Hundred and Fourteenth at that time was with the Thirtieth division, the Illinois outfit, which licked the boche at every turn.

Col. Gleason, Tennessee, was asked about the Illinois troops.

"They are among the finest bunch of men I ever have seen in my life," he replied.

Illinois troops on the Finland stated

they had an excellent voyage. The men were two weeks out from St. Nazaire when she docked here this morning. The sofar so Chicago sick and wounded who returned today are expecting to be ordered westward in a few weeks. Some of them are sicker than others, but all are anxious to get home.

—

Discharge 42,000 Troops; Nearly Half Given Jobs

Washington, D. C., March 23.—The federal employment service announced tonight that of the total of 42,000 men discharged from the army during the past week, 20,000 sought employment through the employment service. Of this number it was said that more than 17,000 were referred to positions and 15,322, or 90 per cent, were placed.

The Right Steel for the Right Work

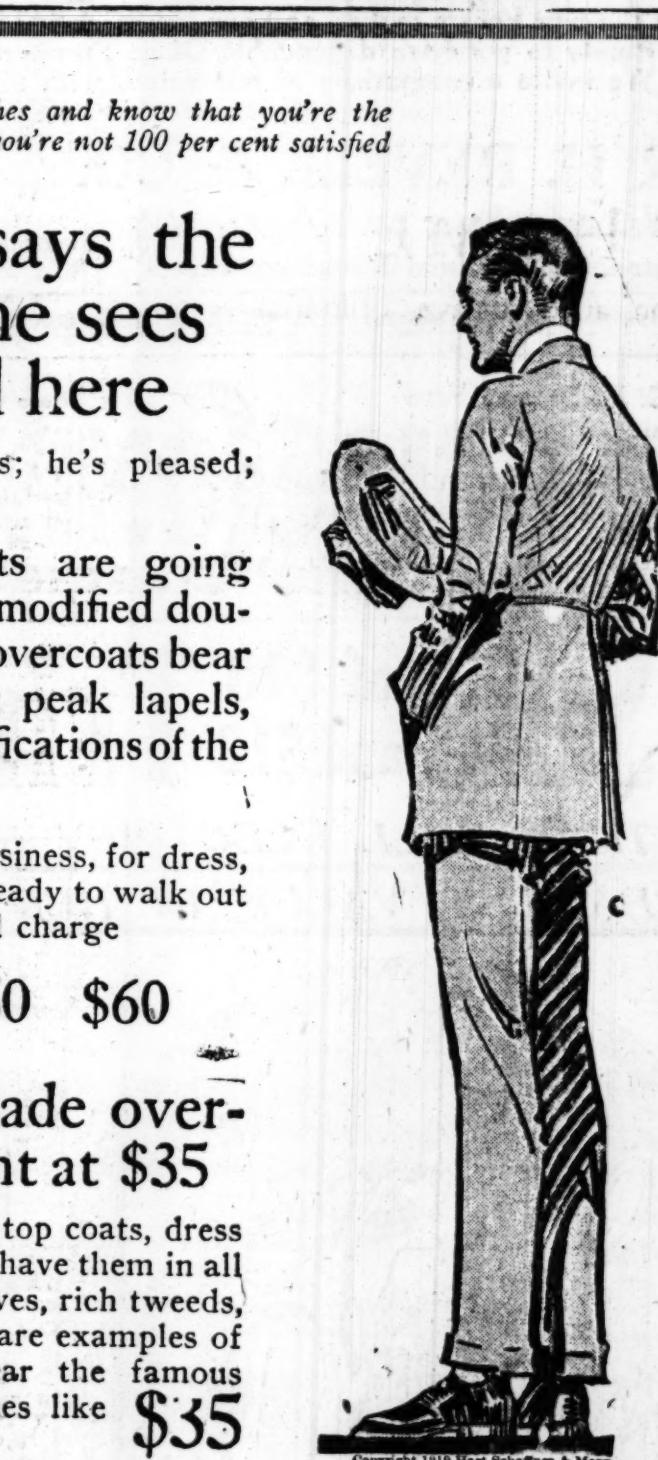
IT has been our pleasure to cooperate closely with many manufacturers desiring steel to meet certain definite requirements. The lines of manufacture involved have been quite as numerous as the problems solved.

Our knowledge of the workability of different steels is at your service. It may be possible that we can suggest a steel that will draw better or one that will forge with better results than that which you are now using.

Our Central West location favors you in shipments.

INLAND STEEL COMPANY
First National Bank Building, Chicago
Works: Indiana Harbor, Ind., and Chicago Heights, Ill.

INLAND BASIC OPEN HEARTH STEEL PRODUCTS



Copyright 1918 Hart Schaffner & Marx

Better Biscuits Made the Better Way

Crispo Graham Crackers
REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

Crispo Graham Crackers

CANVASS CITY FOR \$750,000 CHURCH FUND

BY THE REV. W. B. NORTON.
Big business men as well as men in the business ranks of life took part yesterday in the every member's share in raising \$750,000, the church's share of \$35,000,000, for the sea movement of the Presbyterian church of the United States. The total will be divided, \$13,300,000 to benevolent offerings and \$25,000,000 to current expenses.

In the First Presbyterian church, Evanston, William A. Illey led 100 men to house to house canvass, those associated with him were F. L. Jewell, W. Francis, W. F. Tyron and Horace W. Argus. The amount they were after was \$55,000. The amount the full amount would be received by Wednesday, when all reports will be in.

James A. Patten, a member of the

First church, was left for solicitation by the flying squadron, of which the Rev. John Timothy Stone is chairman. The flying squadron is charged with soliciting \$250,000, and the churches in their regular offerings are expected to total \$400,000.

Fourth Church's Quota \$100,000.

The Fourth church of which Dr. Stone is pastor, reported it would raise its regular apportionment in full, \$100,000.

The Rev. Martin E. Anderson, pastor of the Rogers Park Presbyterian church, said his church raised its allotment and 20 per cent in excess at the morning service. The allotment was \$3,000 for benevolences and they raised \$3,614, and \$7,587 for current expenses.

War Work Projects.

One-half million dollars of the total

raised by the denomination will be de-

voted directly to war reconstruction,

\$250,000 to helping returned sol-

diers and sailors, especially to helping

them complete their education.

Fielding K. Marshall was chairman

of a group of 120 persons who made

300 calls in the parish of Buena Memo-

rial church.

James A. Patten, a member of the

FOUR TRANSPORTS LAND 6,805 MEN

NEW YORK, March 23.—[Special.]—Four transports, the Noordam, the Zaca, the Von Steuben, and the cruiser Huntington, docked here today, landing a total of 6,805 men from overseas. An abstract of the personnel on each follows:

CAPA.—Fourteen nurses and eighteen men of medical corps, convergent detachment Nos. 166, 187, and 199, and nineteen officers of base 13; twenty-six officers of detachment of Twenty-sixth engineers; twenty-three casual officers, two army field clerks, and five civilians. Total on board, 107.

NOORDAM.—Eight men and thirteen officers of detachment of Thirty-seventh division headquarters, Camp Sherman; fourteen officers and 448 men of One Hundred and Forty-eighth Infantry, field and staff, ordnance, and medical detachments, and machine gun company, Camp Sherman; two scattered colored; four casual officers, fifty-nine nurses, two civilians, and one engineer. Total on board, 1,880.

HUNTINGTON.—Twelve officers and 322 men of One Hundred and Thirty-fourth machine gun battalion, complete, divided between Camps Sherman and Dix; twenty-two officers and 647 men of One Hundred and Thirty-sixth machine gun battalion, complete, divided among Camps Sherman, Dix, Custer, and Upton; casual companies for Pennsylvania, New York,

Missouri, and New Jersey, one of seventy-five men for Illinois, one of 112 men for Michigan, and one of 150 men for Iowa, fourteen casual officers, and seven civilians. Total on board, 2,035.

Newport News, Va., March 23.—[Special.]—The transport Finland, which arrived today, brought the following troops: Headquarters Fifty-fifth field artillery; detachment One Hundred and Fifteen machine gun companies from Ohio and Arkansas; One Hundred and Fifteenth machine gun battalion, complete; detachment One Hundred and Fourteenth field artillery, complete; and Fourteenth field artillery, companies for Michigan, Texas, Washington, New York, and Ohio, and Fourteenth field artillery, companies for Pennsylvania, New York,

Missouri, and New Jersey, one of seventy-five men for Illinois, one of 112 men for Michigan, and one of 150 men for Iowa, fourteen casual officers, and seven civilians. Total on board, 2,035.

It shall be the duty of the department to employ all lawful means to investigate and prevent frauds in connection with the production, manufacture, distribution, and marketing of food and food products," the proposed ordinance reads, "and to eliminate waste and loss in the distribution in so far as possible all factors tending to create and maintain exorbitant prices. When men in conflict with laws of the nation and general government, the department is empowered to adopt and issue any and all orders, rules, and regulations necessary to enable the department effectively to reduce the cost to the consumer as low as possible."

Two Evanston Women Are Taken in Blind Pig Raids

The Evanston police, acting under instructions of City Attorney William Lister, arrested two women in raids against alleged "blind pigs" yesterday. The women arrested were Mrs. Mary Stotzak, 1011 Dodge avenue, and Mrs. Lillian Chocolawski, 1007 Dodge avenue. They were held under \$200 bonds.

LYLE WANTS CITY ORDINANCE TO LOWER H.C. OF L.

Ad. John H. Lyle of the Thirty-second ward will open his fight today to lower the price of food. He will introduce in the city council a measure

which makes provision for a municipal department of foods, markets, and farm products, with power to investigate and regulate all traffic in food stuffs.

"It shall be the duty of the department to employ all lawful means to investigate and prevent frauds in connection with the production, manufacture, distribution, and marketing of food and food products," the proposed ordinance reads, "and to eliminate waste and loss in the distribution in so far as possible all factors tending to create and maintain exorbitant prices. When men in conflict with laws of the nation and general government, the department is empowered to adopt and issue any and all orders, rules, and regulations necessary to enable the department effectively to reduce the cost to the consumer as low as possible."

"Keep Smiling With Kellys"

MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY

Blazing a Trail

AN advertisement from this Store, in the distant days when it was situated at 110 Lake Street, ended with this paragraph:

"If, when you get your goods home, you do not find them entirely satisfactory, please return them and your money will be refunded."

To those grown familiar with the general practice of modern merchandising, it may not occur that when this was printed it meant the opening of a new pathway in service. It meant Constructive Merchandising.

Since that day this Store often has broken virgin soil, has made the little-known familiar, has established precedents, and has set standards—in merchandise and methods.

Red Cross Note

"I WAS naked and ye clothed me"—give your old clothes to the American Red Cross for the men, women and children of devastated Europe. Central Collecting Station, 902 South Michigan. All storage warehouses in the city will be Collecting Stations.

From Fort Sheridan

HERE'S something that you will want to see. It is a special exhibit of the work which our boys have been doing in the Reconstruction Hospital. There are toys and posters and all sorts of interesting things that they have made.

And lectures will be given not only about the work at hand but about the effect that it has had upon the shell-shock and psychopathic cases.

Waiting Room, Third Floor, North.

Women's Coats & Wraps

IT'S Spring! Tis time to don the pretty Wraps of Spring. Lovely fabrics—evoras, ducetins, tricotettes, and tricotines—lend themselves to fashion graceful Dolmans, Capes and sleeved Coats. All are materials that give the ideal soft warmth for chilly Spring days.

For Motor or Country Wear

There are Top Coats and Capes of knitted fabrics and vici kid already sanctioned by the mode. Direct from Europe have come motor and rain Coats of rubberized materials. Accompanying them are hats to match.

Jaunty Short Coats

Sheer Summer Frock, or trig Skirts, delight in a partnership with these Coats. They have a definite American trueness about them, and silk poplin, velveteen, or printed and plain crepe silks make them.

Sixth Floor, North Room, State.

Fine Longcloth

IT'S exceptionally fine in quality. It is the Royal English Longcloth, one of the best qualities of Longcloth that is manufactured.

Procrastination is a thing to avoid, would you take advantage of this Selling. 36 inches wide, 12 yards, \$3.25.

Second Floor, Middle Room, State.



BEGINNING TODAY

Three Important Exhibitions

The Summer Furniture Exhibit · The Home Furnishing Exhibition

The Office Equipment Exhibition

FOR THE HOME

FRESH IDEAS—original, artistic, authoritative, utilitarian—characterize the Home Furnishing Exhibition this year. The 29 model rooms on the Eighth Floor—re-opened after many changes—show the effectual blending of beauty and utility.

Other Exhibits in the China, Glassware, Lamp and Artware Sections on the Second Floor; Carpet and Rug Sections on the Third Floor; Curtain and Upholstery Sections on the Fifth Floor, and Household Utilities on the Ninth Floor give an authentic presentation of our ability to furnish the home—modest or palatial—correctly and completely.

FOR THE OFFICE

THE Office Equipment Exhibition is a liberal education to the progressive business man interested in efficient methods. Visitors will find here modernly-equipped offices in working shape, with the most advantageous outfitting as well as the most modern appliances in practical use. Floor coverings for general offices and reception rooms and a complete line of business stationery and desk accessories also are shown in an interesting way. Leading manufacturers of standard office appurtenances have installed the following exhibits:

Adding Machines Telephone Equipment
Letter Sorters Automatic Typewriting Machines Routing Maps
Time Recording Machines Check Writing Machines
Mailing Machines Sealing Machines Copying Machines
Calculating Machines Letter Opening Machines
Dictating Machines Addressing Machines Stamping Machines
Postal Scales Money Changing Machines Time Stamps

Eighth Floor, North Room, Wabash Avenue



Marabout Capes

MARABOUT is always in vogue but this year it seems to have gotten into the range of the camera of fashion as it never has before. Palm Beach is partly responsible for this in holding the little Marabout Shoulder Capes so particularly popular this winter. And somehow Palm Beach has a prophetic note for our summer wear. Prices, \$9.25 to \$25.

First Floor, Middle Room, State.

Sample Handkerchiefs

THIS means that the prices for these Handkerchiefs are not common everyday occurrences for the quality of goods which are represented. There are colored as well as white. Handkerchiefs and the borders are plain, hemstitched, scalloped or with lace, 25c, 35c, 50c. They're worth noticing.

First Floor, Middle Room, State.

Colonial Pumps

THE ever-popular Colonial Pump is represented in this week's fashionable Footwear offerings by a Special that merits the attention of women who appreciate style and quality at a moderate price. This Pump may be worn with a buckle if desired or it is just as becoming without. Offered in patent leather or kid. The Pump is particularly well adapted to being worn under Spats until the weather is such that they may be discarded; thus its usefulness is of a dual nature, emphasizing the importance of this unusual value at \$9.50. Handsome Spats to go with Pumps, \$3.50 to \$5.50.

Fourth Floor, South Room, State.

Women's Frocks

TAFFETA, as surely the sign of Spring as the call of a bird, is sufficient, or combines with most any new material to fashion many new Frocks. Printed chiffon was fated to be the companion of taffeta in a charming Frock at \$37.50. Again printed chiffon combines with Chantilly lace to evolve gracious afternoon Frocks. And it may be added in passing that again a real vogue for afternoon Frocks has come about. Here are delightful new models, many of them from Paris designers.

Sixth Floor, South Room, State.

Women's Suits

THIS is a season when a tailored Suit may be as delightfully feminine or as strictly tragic as the individual chooses. They are here from \$30 to \$310. A dinner Suit chooses three pieces—an embroidered chiffon blouse shows from beneath the tricotine jacket, handsomely finished with grosgrain ribbon.

Silk faille makes chic afternoon Suits. Homespun cheviot, Poiret twill, tricotine make many of the new daytime Suits.

And Suits with a decided country air about them or for fine mornings in town have come in rainbow tweeds.

Sixth Floor, South Room, State.

Women's Skirts

SKIRTS are making their appearance in the most unexpected modes and materials. They are altogether pleasing, and in so many materials and hues that it is a simple matter to find exact counterparts among blouses. Wool challis, crepe de Chine, Persian tricotette, and Georgette crepe barred and banded with Patriette do clever things to get themselves made into the new skirts, such as, a fancy weave tricotette takes oblong insets of Georgette crepe all about the top of the skirt. Handsome white tricotine Skirts are self trimmed with designs in pin tucks.

Sixth Floor, South Room, State.

PROTECTED BY
UNITED STATES
PATENTS
June 23, 1904
Aug. 31, 1915
Mar. 14, 1916
Feb. 19, 1918

KELLY-SPRINGFIELD CATERPILLAR TIRES

OVER the hill of traction progress has come the massive Kelly-Springfield Caterpillar Tire for Trucks—the greatest advance in solid tire construction since the beginning of the industry.

Its elephant-footed sureness and lasting economy have immediately appealed to the heaviest truck users in the world. By a series of side air pockets—a new construction fully patented—it gives maximum traction, road contact and resiliency, with minimum vibration and vehicle depreciation.

The pockets permit the rubber to flow under the load, take up the traction wave, reduce internal tire strain, and keep the tire cooler at all times.

As a new force in world industry, the Kelly-Springfield Caterpillar Tire has taken its place among the mighty.

KELLY-SPRINGFIELD TIRE CO.
2251 Michigan Avenue
Chicago

OLD GLORY HAS LONESOME DAY AT SOCIALIST MEET

U. S. Will Be Like Russia
By and By, Collins
Tells 'Comrades.'

The late afternoon sun, shining dustily through the stained upper windows of the Coliseum yesterday, lighted up row upon row of American flags that seemed to march along the rafters and girders, then fell upon a tangle of bare heads and red feathered hats and red waisted women that filled the main floor and galleries.

This was a Socialist campaign meeting, according to advertisement. The American flags were there by accident. Some furniture or automobile convention had left them. No one made any mention of any flag—except the red flag.

"Comrade," was the word on every tongue.

Dark eyed girls sold revolutionary pamphlets.

The Russian Socialist Federal Soviet Republic was cheered. The dream of the majority of that audience is to see a similar soviet republic organized in this country. And the speakers predicted one would be inside of ten years.

Rose Pastor Stokes Present.

Comrade Rose Pastor Stokes, who is under a ten year prison sentence, was one of the chief attractions of the afternoon.

The 8,000 or so present had each paid twenty-five cents to get into the big hall. There was nothing free except ideas.

Santori Nuorteva, official representative of the new Russian soviet embassy to this country, was another drawing card.

John M. Collins, Socialist candidate for mayor, had the floor for a few minutes, but spoke little of civic conditions. These people are more interested in "revolution" and class war propaganda than in getting control of Chicago. Seymour Stedman, candidate for judge, also spoke.

Raise \$2,000 for Paper.

Otto Branstrator, chairman and organizer for the Socialist mayoralty campaign, was chairman and used a good deal of time during the meeting in raising \$2,000 for the expenses of the daily socialist paper for the next week.

All candidates for mayor were invited to be present at the meeting, but Collins was the only one there.

"Is Mayor Thompson or Mr. Swettler or Mr. Hoyne or Mr. Fitzpatrick in the hall?" asked the chairman.

There was no response except laughter.

"It makes no difference," said the chairman. "They all stand for robbery and exploitation of the working class. As to Fitzpatrick, frankly, I don't know where he stands. I see among his backers pro-war renegades and old time political labor leaders."

Collins gave the first opportunity to speak for bohemia when he said:

"The idea of bohemia is going to go ahead and ahead until finally—They did not let him finish.

"It will do in this country exactly what it is doing in Russia," he said; "give all the workers a job and the rest don't eat."

The welcome to Nuorteva was noisy. He announced the Russian soviet troops had taken the Ukraine.

Joys of War Prisoners.

He told of British and American soldiers being taken prisoners, then being taken to Moscow and shown "the time of their lives"—theaters, banquets, etc. Then, he said, the soldiers were taken to the front and released.

"The Russians do not want to fight workers anywhere. We are stronger today than ever."

Stokes spoke in a high, clear voice that held the close attention of the audience.

"I am proud," she said, "to be one of those in the United States who are to suffer the penalty for active participation in the movement to emancipate the working class. I am proud to be of those upon whom the dark forces of America have decided to vent their vengeance. I shall be glad to serve the ten years, if necessary, at

A STOREY OF YE TIMES

The following satirical ballad was printed at the time of the horse-whipping of Wilbur F. Storey, editor of the Chicago Times, by Pauline Mark-John Kelley in "The Tribune," followed a story Saturday morning by Mr. Storey of the actress in the Times. The ballad was written by Philip G. Dyerforth, father of Arthur Dyerforth.

STAGE YE I.
Twas on a time when pigs were swine,
And monkeys, saith ye fable,
From morn till late did masticate
Ye noxious vegetable;
A golden hair
A skein of golden taper,
Upon its street was wont to beat
Ye knight of ye newspaper;
That, in 'twas of vast renown—
For cutthroats and banditti—
So well mannered, as I'm assured,
'Twas called ye "Garden City."
Uranus built, and decked with gilt
A temple for ye drama;
And frescoes chalets its ceilings graced
In gorgeous panoramas.

Ye populace, with wondering face,
And mouths and eyes distended,
Exclaimed, "Behold this man of gold
Hath mines of wealth expended!"
Uranus smiled, looked grand and mild,
As though his glaze did linger;
And, pleased to hear, his tender ear
He scratched with his forefinger.

STAGE YE II.
Ye time rolled past, until at last
There came within its portals,
A troupe of blonds, from foreign lands,
To please ye gaping mortals.
Their wondrous fame before them came
And spread throughout ye nation;
And as they viewed ye multitude
Cried "Lo!" in admiration.

With whining glances and fairy dance,
All slyly and lightly,
They trod ye boards, before ye hordes
That flock to see them nightly.

As well beseemed, ye papers teemed
With praise that bubbled over;

And all ye troupe, from star to ape,
Blinked blissfully in clover.

At length arose scribe his nose,
And snuffed ye air with passion;
And down did rain his golden cane
In agonies and torment.

His bold blasphemous words besmeared
A churchman high and loyal—

Their charity assailed he

In billingsgate right royal.

Then did attack ye knightes his back,

And pulled his locks so hoary;

Scratched with their claws his nose and

jaws.

And decked themselves with glory.

Extravagant righteys stirring sight

Given round and round, inspiring;

Until length of time made their strength

Give evidence of tiring.

STAGE YE V.
And so they beat a quick retreat;

But, ah! ill luck had risen;

To raise the public mood.

But, ah! no more did greenbacks pour

In showers into their coffers;

Ye blondes were "played," ye people

said,

Transformed were they to scorners.

STAGE YE III.
And in that of ye sun reborn:

A moral scribe residing;

And shocked was ye blondes to see

With clothes so ill provided.

In words not mild ye scribe reviled,

And termed ye graceful actors,

So scanty clad, who played "Sinbad,"

Bad sinning malefactors.

Ye blondes in turn with wrath did burn,

And vowed they would chastise him;

And laid a scheme, as it would seem,

To waylay and surprise him.

A chariot was quickly got,

And, each supplied with stout rawhide,

O'er rode ye maidens peerless.

At the end I am freed to find the emancipation of the working class.

"One thing will open the door of the prisons, and that is organized power of the workers. Organize!" That is one word you speak to me.

"The word is not over. The imperialistic war is dead—long live the class conflict! The dread of bohemia is driving the capitalistic forces to orgunize."

"They are getting ready with lead

and rifle and machine guns. They are

getting 100 per cent American organiza-

tions to shoot down the workers

when they shall demand their rights.

"Let them remember, those law-abiding citizens who are organizing in private. Take them this message: The responsibility for any despair of the working class in the ballot or the peaceful strike will rest with those who are armoring against the working class."

"Tell them we intend to use the

power of numbers, the power of the economic weapon, to get justice."

BLAMES CHICAGO LABOR HEAD FOR STIRRING REDS

Hammond, Ind., March 23.—In a public statement today Attorney D. J. Moran of Hammond declared radical propaganda in the Calumet region is based on the false premise that war makes wealth. He referred to the report of a speech by E. N. Nockels, secretary of the Chicago Federation of Labor, in which Mr. Nockels is quoted as demanding for labor and the soldiers their share of the wealth produced by the war," Moran said.

"This is worse than absurd. The war destroyed billions of wealth and

did not produce a nickel's worth. The existence and possession of large amounts of money is proof that we have wealth, but not the other side. Money is not wealth any more than a peck of potatoes. Steel, iron, copper, food, clothing—these are wealth; and the war used these things up and gave no return in kind—only cheap money evidence of debt. Soldiers should be given preference by employers, but no soldier without dependents will demand the job of a man with a large family to support."

Radical meetings were held this afternoon in Whiting, Indiana Harbor, Hammond, and East Hammond.

John Mikula, 628 North May street, and his wife Agnes were overcome by gas in their home yesterday.

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Butterick Patterns for the making of all new spring apparel for women, young women and children are now in readiness. Second Floor, North.



French Room Millinery New Versions of Favored Modes

Collections could not be more distinctive.

Modistes seemed to have lured a new magic to their aid, for each mode comes from their hands with distinguishing, original touch wholly delightful.

Simple Elegance of Line—Charming Color Effect

So one might characterize a hat developed in tones of blue from Delft to sapphire with its chaplet of silken and velvet leaves set close to the crown.

Equally apt is this to describe wide-brimmed picture hats of black straw with a single cluster of vivid flowers.

A Demure Gray Victorian "Scoop" Hat

Has loops of gray ribbon about the crown all outlined with melon pink velvet and a motif of Egyptian colors. Sailors take wreaths of diminutive vegetables as garnitures. These are only suggestions of the modes assembled.

In This Display at \$15 to \$25

Fifth Floor, South.

There's a Fine Simplicity in The New Negligees of Spring

Their appeal is very certain to the women of discriminating taste.

For they are all that leisure hour garments should be, comfort-giving, practical for real wear, yet with those exquisite touches women want in a negligee.

Of Crepe de Chine,
At \$9.75 to \$26.50
Satin, \$13.75 to \$29.75

Some there are with soft silken laces, others with embroidered garlands in Louis XIV designs. Still others with simple cordings and daintily tinted ribbons. And all in the most delightful colors, real springtime tints which enhance their charms.

The Negligees of Crepe de Chine Featured Are Notable Values at \$12.75 and \$16.50

The negligee at \$12.75 (sketched at the left) has a quaint touch in the ribbon trimmings. To be had in pale blue, pink, old blue, rose, with the ribbon to contrast.

The negligee at \$16.50 (sketched at the right) has a full lace bertha and pockets made of the lace. It may be had in blue, in pink and in orchid.

Third Floor, North.

Petticoats and Pettibockers Of Crepe de Chine, Special at \$5.95

Petticoats and pettibockers carefully designed and expertly made, and presented for the first time in crepe de Chine. Indeed, they

Ensure the Success of the Straight Silhouette

The petticoats sketched at the right fall slim and straight, yet the flounce is elastic enough to give perfect ease in walking.

The pettibockers are certain to meet approval from the most fastidious. Both to be had in gray, cherry color, old blue, Alsace blue, navy blue and black. \$5.95.

All That Is New in Silk Petticoats

Assortments are kept at the height of completeness with jersey silk petticoats, taffeta and satin petticoats absolutely correct in line, and at prices that vary from \$5 to \$16.75. Choice for Easter apparel is delightful.

Third Floor, North.

The New Silks of This Spring Season

On in good earnest now is the choosing of the silk that is to fashion the Easter apparel. Whatever is definitely wanted is here, or if no decision has been made, the variegatedness of these collections will offer the happiest sort of suggestions.

Printed Georgette Crepes and Voiles at \$3 Yard

These printed fabrics are enjoying a vogue greater than in many seasons past. They are here in every new and lovely design, and the colorings have a foundation upon medium or dark grounds. 40 inches wide, priced at \$3 yard.

Baronet Satins, \$4.50 Yard

This is the original weave of Baronet satin in the desired new colors and black and white, the 40-inch width, \$4.50 yard.

Silk-and-wool Poplins, \$4 Yard

A splendid color assortment is offered in this favored spring fabric for the making of suits and wraps. 40 inches wide.

Black Crepe Satin Victoire, \$4 yard. Black Satin Charmeuse, \$4.50 yard. Both 40-inch widths. Black Taffeta Silks, 36 inches wide, at \$2.25 yard.

Second Floor, North.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO

Give your old clothing to the American Red Cross. Send it to the Central Collecting Station, 902 S. Michigan Avenue. It will go to the needy of devastated Europe.

Babies' New Spring Coats

Exquisite little crepe de Chine coats for the smallest wee tot. Sturdy little man styles for the jolly little fellow, capes—what small girl won't rejoice in one—and coats for all little lassies.

From \$5.95 to \$26.95

Mothers may choose and find in each price-group coats whose quality and workmanship as well as whose style mark them values exceedingly worth while. Each little coat has a hat to match. Prices \$3.95 to \$12.50.

The Coats Pictured Are Unusual at \$13.75

They are of a soft silver-tipped woolen fabric in heather tones, a dull rich red, and rookey. The picture shows the quaint style of them, but not to best advantage. Mother must see baby in one of these to realize that fully.

Special—1,000 Shetland sweater coats, just the sort for present wear—at \$3.95 each.

Third Floor, North.



March Sale of Curtains and Draperies

The values provided for this sale are daily bringing into evidence how carefully each want of our patrons was considered, so that in the highest sense of the word, "sale" could be applied to this event. At this time are featured

Several Thousand Yards of Cretonnes, Remarkably Priced 55c and 75c Yard

These are English, French and American printings. Some are exact duplications of hand-blocked linens in patterns and colorings rather striking and very artistic. In fact, all the designs are most unusual and in their colorings these cretonnes are splendidly well-suited for modern decoration.

They may be had in lengths of from one bolt to several pieces of a pattern so that their uses are many—the curtaining of windows in the sun parlor, bedroom, living room, door hangings, furniture coverings, table covers, dresser scarfs, chair cushion covers and for many other useful articles—in two very special groups at 55c and 75c yard.

Swiss Sectional Panel Curtains—Through a Special Purchase Can Be Offered at \$1.65, \$1.95 and \$2.50 Panel

These are imported from St. Gall, Switzerland, and are to be had in several patterns in ivory or champagne tints. This lace curtain treatment, growing so great in vogue, permits like curtaining for different size windows, as one may buy as many sections in width as each window requires. The entire purchase at \$1.65, \$1.95 and \$2.50 the panel.

Sixth Floor, North.



The Wool Fabrics Chosen For the Successful Spring Apparel

These skillfully assembled assortments leave no new or novel fabric unnoted, and one chooses with distinct price advantage—

All-wool Homespuns, \$3 Yard

These all-wool, imported checked homespuns are in the 54-inch width. In black and white, heliotrope and white, reseda and white, gold and white.

Striped wool taffeta in two-tone color combinations—plum, green, brown, wine and old blue with stripings of black, in the 46-inch width, \$3.25 yard.

All-wool Velvets, \$4.85 Yard

An exceptional quality in this wool velvet is offered at this pricing. Black and the colors most desired for spring apparel. 54 inches wide. \$4.85 yard.

All-wool challis, 75c yard. A timely offering to meet spring sewing plans which include the making of children's frocks and house dresses.

Second Floor, North.

The March Sale of Housewares Provides All the Needs for Housecleaning

Not the least of the advantages brought through this sale is the convenient grouping of these aids to housecleaning. They serve as suggestions to women making out their lists of these necessities. And, of course, through this sale

The Pricings Make Substantial Savings Possible

Floor brushes, 14-inch size, of a good quality which is wired in block, \$1. 7-inch counter dusting brushes, 25c. Tuft brushes in the sale at 65c.

Long-handled window brushes are priced at \$1. Cedar polish floor mops, 75c.

Floor mops, self-wringing, complete with cloth, in the sale are offered at 75c.

Galvanized iron water pail in the 10-quart size is specially priced at 40c.

Curtain stretchers, stationary pins, in the 6 x 12 ft. size, reduced to \$2.25.

Vacuum Carpet Cleaner and Sweeper which has three bellows and good suction priced at \$2.95.

Sixth Floor, South.

A Sale of Corsets—Reduced

A lowered pricing on a wide range of models, not all complete in sizes, makes this an occasion through which practical all woman may profit.

Mme. Irene Corsets, \$5

This is a model for the medium type of figure. It is made of a fancy pink batiste with all the little niceties of finish one knows in Mme. Irene corsets.

Orchid Corsets at \$5

A model for the slender figure, designed for athletic wear, driving or walking.

Front Lace Corsets of Satin Now \$6.50

Soft and supple and in graceful, easy lines. Excellent value at this price.

At \$8.50, front lace corsets of handsome broche for the large figure. Not in all sizes.

Third Floor, North.

A New Week of Opportunity in The March Sale of Rugs

Not too often, we believe, can attention be directed to the fact that every sort of floor covering from linoleum to Oriental rugs is offered at distinct price advantages here and now.

Special Emphasis Is Placed Upon Hartford Saxony Rugs in the Sale

These rugs, which years of experience have proved serviceable and whose patterns and colorings, true copies of those of Oriental rugs, appeal to the best taste, form feature assortments in the March Sales.

9 x 12 ft. size, \$78.50 8 1/4 x 10 1/2 ft. size, \$72.50

6 x 9 ft. size, \$51.50

Axminster Rugs at Sale Prices

These heavy Axminster rugs of fine quality are made without seams. The selections provided here continue particularly good in the

9 x 12 ft. size at \$47.50 8 1/4 x 10 1/2 ft. size, \$42.50

Seventh Floor, North.

New Lamps Just Received The Subject of a Special Showing

The genuine enjoyment of choosing from this collection is increased by the knowledge that pricing on these lamps is of an interesting nature.

These Are Metal Lamps With Rich Glass Shades at \$16.50 to \$65

They come from the shop of one of the leading lamp designers of America, a shop where the artistic and the practical are well understood and cleverly combined. Included are:

Floor Reading Lamps, Table and Piano Lamps

In rich-toned antique copper, verde green and Japanese bronze finishes. The shades are hand-done in sunset and silver mist effects, harmonizing with the base in design and color.

Fifth Floor, North.

Hyde Park Boulevard at Fifty-third Street, Chicago.

Finest Residential and Transient Hotel in the Middle West.

Canadian Pacific Railway

The World's Greatest Railway

Depot, 140 W. Clark St., Chicago.

She is alleged to

be the author of the

best-selling book in the world.

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SECTION TWO.
GENERAL NEWS,
SPORTING, SOCIETY,
MARKETS, WANT ADS,

Save Your Shoes
Made to Your Measure
by Chicago's
Shoe
Specialist

Martin Larson
Chicago's Shoe
Specialist, has
been designing
and building
Shoes in Chicago
for the past 32
years. This is
our guarantee that
our shoes will be
right, and "right"
shoes are necessary to
your health and shoe
comfort.

The Larson Custom
Made Shoes are cheaper
in the long run than
ready-to-wear shoes.
They are made of the
best selected leathers
over the measurements
of your own
feet and by a man
who has made shoe
building his life's
work.

Sta-Right,
\$18
Custom Shoes to
Measure,
\$17
AND UP
Plaster Casts,
\$10

MARTIN LARSON
Chicago's Great Shoe Specialist
369 W. Madison St.
At the Bridge

O
ONE
L
V
BUTTER NUT
BREAD
Made only
by
SCHULZ
BAKING CO.

The great
Chinese
Pug Sale
Commences
to-day
Revel's
Wabash Ave.

RESORTS AND HOTELS.

New York and Cuba Mail S. S. Co.

Ward Line
announces
New Passenger
and
Freight Service
between
New Orleans and
Mexican Gulf Ports
or sailings, fares and general
information apply to
S. T. DeMilt
Whitney Building, New Orleans
and MR. M. L. SCHULTZ, Chicago, Ill.

Marquette Building, Chicago, Ill.

Cooper-Carlton Hotel
"BY THE LAKE"
Lake Park Boulevard at Fifty-third St.
CHICAGO
Residential and Transient
Hotel in the Middle West

Canadian Pacific Railway
The World's Greatest, A. P. C.
150 W. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

MONDAY, MARCH 24, 1919.

* * 17

BRITISH RULE OF PALESTINE SUITS ZIONISTS

Rabbi Wise, Returned
from Peace Conference,
Speaks on Plans.

Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, one of the most ardent supporters of the Zionist movement, speaking at the Auditorium theater yesterday, called "Palestine the 'Jewish Alsace-Lorraine.'" It must be turned over to the millions of homeless Jews, he said, or the work of the peace conference will be incomplete. The address was heard by 3,500 persons, Jews and gentiles.

Rabbi Wise, probably one of the best informed men in the country on Jewish problems, recently returned from Paris, where he presented the case of the problems to the peace conference. He was a delegate of the American Jewish conference. Three weeks ago yesterday, with other prominent Jews, he had a conference with President Wilson in the White House.

Says Wilson Favors Zionists.

President Wilson, the rabbi said, will do everything in his power to see that there is written into the peace pact a guarantee of equal rights for Jews in every land.

"The peace conference," Rabbi Wise said, "cannot be ended until element of justice is given the Jews by restoring an independent—giving the millions of homeless Jews of the world a homeland."

Few Jews from America will go to Palestine, the rabbi said, because America is too good a home.

"The Jews will be satisfied to have Palestine made a mandatory of Great Britain," he said.

Britain Friend of Jew.

"Great Britain has proven she is a friend of the Jew, and I am sure that if the league of nations asks her to make a mandatory over Palestine, she will not hesitate.

"I feel that we do not get support alone from America and Great Britain in our demand for a homeland for the Jews in other countries that are our friends. France and Italy are among them. France had an Alsace-Lorraine torn from her. In the eyes of France I believe Palestine is a Jewish Alsace-Lorraine. It is just that, and the world will help us to get it."

Under the mandatory of Great Britain, he averred, Palestine can learn self-government, and complete independence will be an eventuality.

Favors League of Nations.

Speaking of the league of nations, he said it is the only logical plan, and that those who use the argument against America taking mandates over foreign countries—such as Armenia—do not express the sentiment of the country.

The meeting was presided over by Judge Harry L. Fisher, who led the collection of about \$5,000 after Rabbi Wise spoke.

300 DOUGHBOYS
AND GOBS DEBATE
HEART QUESTION

Two young women with hats stood at the head of the staircase leading up to the dance hall at 1126 W. Eighteenth street last night, like Horatio and the polka-dotted and the policemen sent for reinforcements.

There had been complaints that the dances were making too much noise and the policemen on the beat and a couple of detectives drifted up to see what was the matter. The dance was given by the Lettish Socialists and they wouldn't let the policemen in.

The women, Mrs. Anna Braga, Miss Elizabeth Brice and Willi Tomberg, 600 North Thirteenth avenue, jumped into the front rank of the dancers and back of them were eight men.

Eleven policemen came from the Maxwell street station, the stairway was rushed and the cops went into the hall. However, Sergt. George Lyman got a puncture in the arm. The women and the eight men were arrested. Mrs. Tomberg became hysterical after she was arrested and was taken to the detention home.

"Every soldier knows the sailors were the worst heart smashers. They fall for every dame they saw."

C. Bradshaw, a naval aviator, came back with:

"I want to get that stuff at? I saw forty soldiers get married and one was killed."

Most of the auditors leaped to their feet and began talking. Flats were drawn and hostilities appeared imminent when Miss Bryce intervened. She begged that the controversy be postponed until after the performance, and the request was granted.

One of the 15 Boldts Runs
Away, but Not for Long

Fred Boldt, 10 years old, 6032 North Clark street, who said that he had seven brothers and seven sisters, ran away from his home yesterday and went to Evanston to visit one of his sisters, Lucy Boldt, who is engaged to a policeman, Charles Paasche, who took them to the station. Dick Stewart Mobley heard the story and looked at Fred. He had formerly run away with the Boldt family.

"He's one of the fifteen Boldts, all right," he said, and telephoned the boy's parents.

Former Maid of Queen
in Psychopathic Ward

The Countess Aurora Bethlen, lady in waiting to Queen Elizabeth of Austria when that ruler was assassinated, has been sent to the psychopathic ward of the county hospital for observation during her hearing before United States Commissioner Mason Thursday. The countess was arrested last Tuesday and is alleged to have sent threatening letters to President Wilson.

"ATTA BOY"

BY PERCY HAMMOND.
THIS large and husky minstrel show is not only lively amusement; it is also a good outlet for such war patriotic emotions as the war may have aroused within your star spangled soul.

Its participants are soldiers, sailors, and marines of the A. E. F. camp, turning their swords into tambourines that plowshares find little use in employment as troubadours. All of them, save Capt. Frank Tinney, their leader, have been overseas, and in the surrounding first part, many a wounded soldier's decoration for valor, may be seen upon their tunics.

They are a loud and joyous lot. Among the seventy-five hundred of them are several performers encircled in musical comedy and the vaudeville. Dancing of the first class occurs, there is some fair singing by individual baritones, and tenors, and choruses noisy and sometimes harrowing fill the Olympic with a bound of bumptiousness for valor, may be seen upon their tunics.

The soldiers' cynical humor is now and then present, as in that funny song in the first act, "The Doughboy's girl who was won and lost down the alley. But Quin didn't. He did a hundred yards in 10 flat and heard a shot in the kitchen of their home, 742 Eastgate street.

Mr. Quin dashed through the house. As he reached the rear door, the burglar ran down the steps, but stumbled, and Quin was ready to pounce on him when he turned and fired a revolver. The bullet clipped the down of Quin's right ear.

BURGLAR'S SHOTS FAIL TO SAVE HIM, BUT THREAT DOES

Victim of \$1,500 Theft
Shows Discretion
After Chase.

A matineed burglar has been performing successfully in Rogers Park the last three weeks. George Robert Quin remembered it when he and Mrs. Quin returned from a walk yesterday and heard a shot in the kitchen of their home, 742 Eastgate street.

Mr. Quin dashed through the house. As he reached the rear door, the burglar ran down the steps, but stumbled, and Quin was ready to pounce on him when he turned and fired a revolver. The bullet clipped the down of Quin's right ear.

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Film Gibraltar Still Stanchly on the Job

"A GENTLEMAN OF QUALITY."

Produced by Vitagraph. Directed by James Young. The Cast: Lady Merv.....Katherine Adams John Ashton and Lord Hertford.....Earle Williams Richard Hertford.....Harold Bryant Donald Ogden.....John Ashton Robert.....Robert Helder Hope Hollister.....Joyce Moore Henry Hollister.....James Courtney

By Mae Tinée.

Stars may come and stars may go, but Earle Williams stays on forever! (Seems to me I said that once before. However, what matter? It's the truth.) Like the rock of Gibraltar he stands, firmly imbedded in the affection of the movie fans. One never hears wild stories of fabulous prices being offered for his services. He just sells calmly along with Vitagraph, where he has always been, and to all appearances is as contented and prosperous as any. (Now's your chance to see Gibraltar sail.)

Like himself, his work maintains an even tenor. Quite often he is saddled with a part that is not to your liking. Just the same, you realize the best is being gotten from the part.

In the present instance he has an improbable but quite exciting story, plotted after the old dime novel style. Mr. Williams has a double rôle. He is twins. He's the brother who in infancy was stolen from his English home and incarcerated in an American orphanage, and he's Lord Hertford, the brother who was left at home.

One of those coincidences common to the pictures spirits one brother away and brings the other brother on the job at one and the same time. Then there's the queer muddle of events attendant on the fact that both brothers look exactly alike. Even the absent brother's wife claims her husband's twin as her spouse.

Irreprobable—but as I said, the picture holds your interest. Aside from the skilled work of Mr. Williams there are several other clever impersonations. One of these is not that of the leading lady, said she cattily. Miss Adams must get over being so gooey. It's all right to love a man, but not to melt and run all over him!

Mr. Young, former connection of the fair Clara, in the directorial chair, supervises matters aptly, proving that direction, and photography can do much toward glossing over inconsistencies of plot.

HAROLD BAUER RETURNS: NEWS OF MUSIC

None of the pianists uses more brains than Harold Bauer, who uses a high talent, too, when he plays. He played in Chicago yesterday for the first time this season, and conditions indicated that he had been missed; for not all who tried to get into Kilball Hall were successful, and some who did get in were willing to sit on the platform with him. I heard him play music by César Franck, a prelude, air, and finale made over from the organ; by Moussorgsky, the delectable "Pictures at an Exhibition"; by Chopin, Percy Grainger, and Bach, arranged by these composers added at the end of the formal bill. Bauer's playing was as it generally has been in his Chicago visits—clean, varied, elegant, musical, sane, and human. He is the piano's aristocracy.

Franck's work is, I believe, catalogued in the pianist's glossary as "big"; and it is in the sense that it is in alignment as to quality, with his symphony and his sonata for violin. Bauer played it in the "big" way: he skillfully composed the complex meter, formal beauty, and made of it, for me, one of his memorable conveyances. He had placed it well in his bill, between a group of sparkling miscellany by eighteenth century melodists and the fantastic stunt by Moussorgsky; and in doing that the pianist displayed good showmanship.

"Pictures at an Exhibition" is well-nigh personal with Bauer, who made it known in Chicago two years ago as his first solo appearance in this most-new here at the time. Of itself, it is a happy contrivance of fun and sheer skill in tone by one of the truly great Russians; and it is a rich adventure when Bauer plays it.

A second pianist, Pauline Meyer, was in the Playhouse for the afternoon—not so however, although her name is not in the familiar inventory; for she is of record for some time—five or six years ago. She played a group of waltzes by Brahms without getting much gaiety or charm out of them, although the gaiety and charm are there; and she did far better in three pieces by Chopin, including the buoyant mazurkas in D-major and the rhythmic waltzes, the source of uncounted pieces in three-four by the men and women who write for the ballroom and the theater.

Another violinist, Mayo Wadler, is on his way hither; it is to play on Wednesday night, April 9, in Kimball Hall. He has had "good notices" in the east in the last year. He is an American, calls himself an interpreter of the moderns, and goes in pretty strongly for pieces by native composers.

F. D.

George Ogle Jr., in Pasadena.

George Ogle Jr. has joined his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Ogle, in Pasadena.

The great Chinese Ping-Pong Commerce to-day Revell's Mobashare

EARL WILLIAMS

Quite as Popular Now as He Was Six Years Past, Which Is Going Some in These Days of Rapid Transit of the Affections.



REAL LOVE STORIES

Do you know a real love story—one that is stranger than fiction? It is the idea that is wanted. Submission will be paid for every story published. No manuscripts returned. Address Doris Blake, "The Tribune," Chicago.

Two Detectives.

Constance was a young business woman and had a detective agency of her own. Galt was also a detective in another agency.

One October Galt was working on a grain stealing case on a farm out from town. In order to get among the men and find out more about them he dressed as a farm hand and went there to apply for a job. The farmer knew he was coming, so he gave him a job at once. He slept in the barn with the men and worked with them.

Constance needed a vacation, so she decided to go to a farm near there, take a rest and at the same time try to solve the mystery of the disappearing grain, which a farmer had reported to her agency. So she arrived at this same farm where Galt was and started out to solve the mystery.

For many days she watched the men went out in the fields and to the grain bins. She was much interested in their work. After a few weeks of this she thought she had spotted the guilty party and one night, when she saw him sneak out of the house, she followed him. He snuck around for quite a while and then went into his quarters in the barn. She went back to bed resolving to tell the errant parent right by setting them a good example by not allowing yourself to be kissed freely and promiscuously.

But the next morning the man she suspected came up with the real thief and introduced himself as a detective. Constance hurriedly left the farm, afraid to confess whom she had suspected, as she knew that he had seen her watching him that night. Not so sooner had she seated herself comfortably in the train than up walked Galt. Constance was embarrassed, but he soon made her forget at ease.

She got to like him better and better. When I asked him what difference it made, he said: "Well, if you haven't a rooster, how will your chickens know enough to get up in the morning?"

I was making a chicken coop for my new chickens, much to the delight of all the children around. One little chap noticed that I had no rooster and

ter in the next few months and they were married soon after.

M. R.

DORIS BLAKE'S ANSWERS

Take Mother Along.

"Dear Miss Blake: We are two girls of 14, and are very fond and very popular in school. We are very often with the boys we meet in school and have good times. We have them up to our homes very often and our parents think them very nice. We have been asked to go to see a game at another city by the boys in one of their cars. Although our parents have consented, we do not think it is proper for us to go. What do you think?"

No, I do not think it is proper for you to go on long rides like that with boys unless your mother or a mother of one of the boys accompanies you. Even then that is rather precarious entertainment for 14 year olds—it seems to me.

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around the edge of the door into the parlor. As there was no one else in the house, my mother asked her why she was peeping around the door. She answered, "Well, I was just trying to see who that woman looked at when there wasn't nobody in the room to look at."

Bright Sayings of Children

"The Tribune" will pay \$1 for bright sayings of your child or children. The story told must never have been printed in any magazine or paper or elsewhere. Please write on one side of the paper. Address: "Tribune," Chicago.

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B. A. P.

BEAUTY ANSWERS

BY ANTOINETTE DONNELLY.

ELINOR: WHEN YOU ARE SUCCESSFUL IN CRECTING YOUR TENDENCY TO CONSTIPATION AND HAVE PUT YOUR DIGESTIVE APPARATUS IN GOOD RUNNING ORDER YOU WILL HAVE TRAVELED THREE-FOURTHS OF THE ROAD THAT LEADS TO A "PEACHES AND CREAM" COMPLEXION.

THE OTHER FOUR IS MADE UP OF MASSAGE AND COSMETICS. MOST WOMEN PIN ALL THEIR FAITH ENTIRELY ON THIS LAST PART AND DO NOT SEE TO REALIZE THAT BRIGHT EYES, CLEAR SKIN AND ROSY CHECKS DO NOT COME IN BOTTLES AND ARE NOT THE RESULT OF PLenty OF SPLENDID EXERCISES, BUT OF PLenty OF WHOLESOOME FOOD. THIS IS, OF COURSE, ONLY POSSIBLE WHEN THERE IS NO INTERNAL DISORDER. TO CORRECT THE CONSTIPATION EXERCISE AS MUCH AS YOU POSSIBLY CAN, DRINK PLENTY OF WATER, AND LET COARSE FOOD FORM THE MAJOR PART OF YOUR DIET. BY COURSE, I MEAN SUCH FOOD AS THE SKINS AND CORES OF APPLES, THE FIBROUS PART OF CELERY, WHOLE GRAINS IN PLACE OF REFINED FLOUR; IN SHORT, ALL THE FOODS THAT REQUIRE THOROUGH CHewing AND SWALLOWING.

THESE ARE THE SIMPLER INGREDIENTS. PLenty OF CELERY, CELERY ROOT, CARROTS, ETC., THEN HAVE THE PLenty OF WHOLESOOME FOOD. THIS, OF COURSE, IS ONLY POSSIBLE WHEN THERE IS NO INTERNAL DISORDER. TO CORRECT THE CONSTIPATION EXERCISE AS MUCH AS YOU POSSIBLY CAN, DRINK PLENTY OF WATER, AND LET COARSE FOOD FORM THE MAJOR PART OF YOUR DIET. BY COURSE, I MEAN SUCH FOOD AS THE SKINS AND CORES OF APPLES, THE FIBROUS PART OF CELERY, WHOLE GRAINS IN PLACE OF REFINED FLOUR; IN SHORT, ALL THE FOODS THAT REQUIRE THOROUGH CHewing AND SWALLOWING.

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THESE ARE THE

A Friend in Need
Sally Joy Brown

SOCIETY and Entertainments

"Empty Attic Sale" Arranged as Benefit for Mission House

The patronesses for an "empty attic sale" to be held on April 10 and 11 for St. Mary's mission house, 850 Washington boulevard, are asking all their friends to ransack their attics and basements and save whatever they can for the sale, which will be held in a store on the loop.

Ornaments, clothing, books, furniture, trunks, toys, china, draperies, records, pictures—in fact, anything will be gratefully received.

Miss F. A. Anable is chairman of the committee in charge. Mrs. E. C. Bertram is vice chairman. The patronesses are:

Miss Cunnin—Mrs. Frank Loran, Mr. Scott—Miss Arthur Meeker, Mr. John De Koven, Mr. Harold C. Smith, Mr. Britton Budd, Mr. Charles D. Dana, Mr. Nathan Corwin, Mr. A. G. Van

Mr. Hopewell L. Roy, Mr. Schick, Mr. John T. McMrs. C. P. Anderson, Mr. Charles S. Munro, Mr. George Mason, Mrs. Charles Marjory Ward, Mrs.

Col. D. E. McCarthy, who is stationed at San Antonio, Tex., will arrive this week for a two weeks' visit with his well and family of 1425 North State Parkway. His son, Lieutenant Daniel H. McCarthy, recently was released from active service and is now in Chicago. Mrs. McCarthy and Miss Gertrude McCarthy will accompany Col. McCarthy back to San Antonio.

Miss Louis F. Swift of 1200 Lake shore drive will return tomorrow from Miami, where she has been for about four months.

Mr. and Mrs. William Gerrish Beale of East Burton place, who have been to the south for the last month, will go to White Sulphur Springs this week for a brief visit before returning to Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. William Edward Ritchie of Hinsdale announces the engagement of her daughter Alice to Alfred Wilson Young, son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred John Young of New York. Mr. Young has returned after fourteen months' service as an ensign on a United States submarine chaser.

**

Jubilee Official of Methodist Church Raps Women's Styles

While Chinese women are protesting against the practice of foot binding, American women are deforming themselves with hobble skirts and French heels.

This was one of the thrusts given yesterday morning by Mrs. Lena Leonard Fisher of Cleveland, O., who occupied the pulpit of the First Methodist Episcopal church, Evanston. Mrs. Fisher is a public commissioner of the Women's Foreign Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal denomination, which celebrated yesterday throughout the United States and in many foreign countries the fiftieth anniversary of the organization of the society.

"The legion of death in Russia, composed of women who fought with firearms, was the most complete example of self-effacement for the sake of patriotic duty I have ever seen," Mrs. Fisher said. "Fifty years ago the women of the church formed a legion of life. We have sent into the foreign field 1,000 unmarried women as missionaries. Last year we raised \$1,300,000 and expect this year to raise \$2,000,000. Last year 2,100 oriental women were baptized, notwithstanding that they were obliged to endure the worst forms of persecution. Our society has been most responsible for 75,000,000 non-Christian women."

**

Loan First, Then Church Fund Drive

The Victory loan of the government comes first, the Methodist centenary second, according to the decision of the Methodist centenary headquarters.

S. Earl Taylor, executive secretary of the Methodist centenary, which seeks to raise \$1,000,000, announced he had conferred with Secretary of the Treasury Glass and offered to loan the organization of the centenary to assist in putting over the loan, with the result the canvass for funds for the Methodist centenary will be made May 18 to 25, after the Victory loan has been taken.

The Methodist centenary officials promised there would be no general conventions held during the loan period, April 21 to May 10.

**

Northwestern U. Diner.

Professors of Northwestern's university and their wives attended the annual faculty dinner in Willard hall Saturday night. A musical program was given by students from the school of music.

Miss Alice Ritchie
Courtesy Photo

Mrs. William Edward Ritchie of Hinsdale announces the engagement of her daughter Alice to Alfred Wilson Young, son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred John Young of New York. Mr. Young has returned after fourteen months' service as an ensign on a United States submarine chaser.

WASHINGTON SOCIETY

Washington, D. C., March 23.—(Special Correspondence.)—With organy accompaniment, almost every little thing for spring sings just that way. Some of the smartest of the new spring suits just over from Paris have waistcoats of organy stitched all in white. Just aw-

FASHION'S BLUE BOOK



The Successful Home Garden

BY J. F. H. HEIDE.

NO. 12.

"SOME ERROR."

The planting guide in yesterday's TRIBUNE was so hopelessly jumbled in the composing room that any correction without republication is futile. Other tasks do not admit of that. The trouble was caused by inserting celery, cabbage, kale, and parsley in proper alphabetical order and taking their respective data on at the bottom.

BUTTING THE STEEDS.
(Copyrighted 1919 by J. F. H. Heide.)

It is assumed that the gardener has, with the aid of the plans published last week, mapped out the available garden areas and determined the companion cropping and crop succession for best results. It is now time to purchase the necessary seeds before supplies are exhausted or reduced to the inferior leavings.

The "quantity needed for back yard" includes the several successive plantings of the 2x393 foot garden.

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retail furniture store, doing
some installment business. A
plendid opportunity for right
man. No money necessary,
but priv. of investing if desir-
ed. Address F 494, Tribune.

SALES MANAGER—A KEEN, LIVE
MAN OF FIRST CLASS, WITH
good, exp. Good position for
man who knows how to operate
small business. Add 100. Tribune.

STOCK SALES MANAGER—GENTLE-
LY, TO handle a department
and control a product, distribut-
ing, good, exp. Add 100. Tribune.

MAN—HAD EXPERIENCE IN
large wholesale hardware house,
good, exp. Add 100. Tribune.

WOODWORKERS—TO WORK IN SIDE
factory; chief workers, carpenters
and cabinet makers. Add 100. Tribune.

MAN—HAVING HAD EXPERIENCE IN
large wholesale hardware house,
good, exp. Add 100. Tribune.

MAN—EXPERIENCED, TO WORK ON
large wholesale hardware house,
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WANTED—FEMALE HELP.
Stores and Offices.
DICTAPHONE OPERATOR—FOR WORK IN
small supply house. State experience. Salaries
\$15. Address H. 524, Tribune.

EDIPHONE OPERATOR.
Expert; must demonstrate
ability to deliver accurate
transcript in large volume.
Apply 514 1st National Bank
Bldg.

ELLIOTT FISHER BILLER—MUST HAVE
experience. DETHMER WOOLEN CO. 300
W. Monroe-st.

EXPERIENCED CLOAK AND
suit salesladies for extra
work; salary \$4-\$5 per day.
GEORGE BERNARDS,
33 S. State-st.

EXPERIENCED YOUNG
women for responsible
positions in our office; must be
good penmen; steady em-
ployment with advancement
for right parties. EDW. E.
STRAUSS & CO., 402 S. Mar-
ket-st.

**EXPERIENCED DEMON-
STRATORS** for food products.
Must be willing to leave city.
State age, experience, and
salary expected. Address P X
156, Tribune.

**EXPERIENCED DICTA-
PHONE OPERATOR.**

State fully experienced; play and salary
desired. Call 410. TRIBUNE.

GENERAL OFFICE CLERK AND STENO-
GRAPHER; state experience and salary.
Address 150, Tribune.

GIRLS—WITH GRAMMAR
school education and over
16 years of age and willing to
work; conditions in our of-
fices are pleasant; we work
47 hours per week, with Sat-
urday afternoon off, and
will pay \$11 per week to be-
ginners. ADDRESSOGRAPH
CO., 901 W. Van Buren.

GIRLS—16 YRS. AND OVER,
for cashier-inspectors.
Apply Supt.'s Office, ninth
floor.

**MARSHALL FIELD & CO.,
RETAIL.**

GIRLS—18 TO 20,
For general office work; no experience
necessary. P. W. 524, Room 842.
53 W. Jackson.

GIRL—BRIGHT SOME STENOGRAFIC EXP-
ERIENCE; \$10. Find opportunity for
advancement. PERSONAL STOR-
AGE CO., 100 N. Dearborn-st.

GIRL—OFFICE SALARY \$40 PER MONTH
to start. Apply Hotel Atlantic 220 S.
Market-st.

GIRL—YOUNG GOOD LONG HAND WRITER
and quick at figures. \$15 week. ROLLINS
SUPPLY CO., 100 N. Dearborn-st.

GIRL—EXPERIENCED FOR MAILING AND
mailing dept.; food salaried. Apply ROMAN
OIL & FUEL CO., 100 N. Dearborn-st.

GIRL—FOR CANDY DEPT. APPLY RU-
BELL'S, 118 S. State-st.

GIRL—FOR SMALL GRO-
cery store. Good wages. 1010 Broadway.

GIRL—BRIGHT GOOD AT FIGURES. 8 N.
Dearborn-st.

LADY—YOUNG, FOR GENERAL OFFICE
work; some experience necessary. Title
T. 100 N. Dearborn-st.

LADY—YOUNG, FOR BOOKKEEPING AND
other office work. Universal Machine &
Tool Co., 100 N. Dearborn-st.

LEDGER CLERK—EXPERIENCED; LARG-
EST installation; must order house; personal
qualifications; give full information.
Address 212, Tribune.

**MARSHALL FIELD & CO.,
RETAIL.**

Office girls for steady work.

Those having at least a
grammar school education.

We have a few vacancies
for young girls who wish to
do general office work.

Apply Supt.'s Office, No. 7,
9th floor.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

MILLINERY
SALESWOMEN

whose past records show

ability to sell the finest quality

of millinery and whose per-

sonality qualify them to serve

high class trade, may secure

permanent and well paid po-

sitions. Address N J 528,
Tribune.

For permanent positions in our office. Tew-

ty of these girls we are going to train to op-

erate our new millinery department.

girls who want to advance and increase their earn-
ings. We are looking for girls who are willing to
place a few girls in stock work in our insti-

tute. The working hours are from 8 to 4:45.

This work does at noon; 45 minutes is al-

lowed for lunch. Apply to Employment

Department, 618 W. Chicago-st.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR.

GOOD SALARY TO EXPERIENCED GIRL

6th FLOOR, 635 SHERMAN-ST.

OFFICE CLERK—EXPERIENCED YOUNG

FOR A POSITION IN OUR GENERAL

OFFICE. PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT FOR AD-

VANCEMENT.

GENERAL OFFICE MANAGER

STYLING CENTER ELEVATORS

STATE J. JACKSON, VAN BUREN.

OPERATOR—COMPTOMETER OR BUS-

TRONIC. Call 410. TRIBUNE.

OPERATOR—SWITCHBOARD, EXPERIENCED

FOR DIAL. Call 410. TRIBUNE.

SALESLADIES — IN EXCLUSIVE WAITS

SHOP. Call 410. TRIBUNE. Extra

salesladies. Apply to our office.

SELLING WAITS SHOPS. 462-34 Sherman-st.

SALESLADIES—DRY GOODS. 2: EXPER-

IMENTED. Lithuanian or Polish speaking pre-

ferred. Beck's Dept. Store, 3041 S. Halsted

Streets, W.

STYLING CENTER ELEVATORS

STATE J. JACKSON, VAN BUREN.

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LOST AND FOUND.

WILL PARTY WHO TOOK
WIFE AND CHILDREN AND
TRAVELED, AND KINDELY RETURN TO
TOWN, AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED,
OR REWARD. ADDRESS: Mrs. CAR-
SON, 333 S. Market.

WITNESS. SATURDAY.

REWARD: ADDRESS: Mrs. CAR-
SON, 333 S. Market.

BLACK VELVET ON CLOTHES.

ADVANCE IN PRICE.

MAKE SPRING RESERVATIONS NOW.

SEVERAL CHOICE SUITES AVAILABLE.

HOTELS.
Lakota Hotel
MICHIGAN-ELV. AT 50TH.
RESIDENTIAL AND TRANSIENT.
NO ADVANCE IN PRICE.

MAKE SPRING RESERVATIONS NOW.

SEVERAL CHOICE SUITES AVAILABLE.

Cafe at Popular Prices.

Drexel Arms

FINEST BOULEVARD LOCATION.

ONE PERSON—\$12.50. 2 PERSONS—\$25.00.

3 PERSONS—\$37.50. 4 PERSONS—\$50.00.

EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE.

24 HRS. HOT WATER.

All
SOLD WAR
FOR \$2,
SAYS ME

New Revela-
Consum-
Hearin-

An open court statem-
ham J. Messing, lawyer
that he had accepted \$1
late Mrs. Caroline Loeffler
cage widow, who lived
Nineteenth place, in res-
her son, Frank, eleva-
Grant to the meat inspec-
a "bombproof" berth in
then of her death "from
and fight" when gov-
pried into the transac-
came yesterday as a de-
the expense by Federal J.
the Consumers Packing
dal.

And hardly had Messing
when another case was
stand by John M. K.
proposed in which \$5,000
to have Phil Blazer, a
man of wealth, appoint
examiner in the army,
like the Loeffler one,
through. The money
but Messing was to have
witness said.

Other Developments

While these develop-
ments, there were other
directions, arising out of
ers' Inquiry:

John M. Kantor,
real estate expert
Thompson's Lieutenant
the Illinois "blue sky"
been "used" by him
a salesman's license
under the name of John
who he admitted didn't
Cornelius J. "Tip" D.
field attorney and one
of state, was cleared of
ceived money to influ-
retary of state in gran-
sky" license. A \$200
ing his signature was
a forgery.

A \$1,015 check, also
been forged, it was
torn up by Edward J.
packing company's offi-
inquiry was started.

Judge Landis seized
counts and safety dep-
all stock salesmen of
company and also dis-
more funds in the pos-
Mrs. Della Davis, wife
Davis, who, with R.
fiscal agent of the com-

Politicians

The confession regard-
ment of Mrs. Loeffler to
transferred involved the
eral politicians. It did not
Kantor was on stand
when it first came
told in relating what a
nine hour session at the
Stanbury, an attorney
whether Messing, Kantor
Trost, now president of
went a week ago last Th-

"Messing told Stanbury
he had told you about
post he said his wife
from the Schwabacker
was not true; that he had
from Mrs. Loeffler for his
transferred." Kantor said
Judge Landis. "He had
checks and papers that
file, and the session last-
ing. After the session
he said he was going on
and tell where the
from, but the next da-
torsey had advised him
"Did you know about
Judge Landis asked.

Under U. S. H.

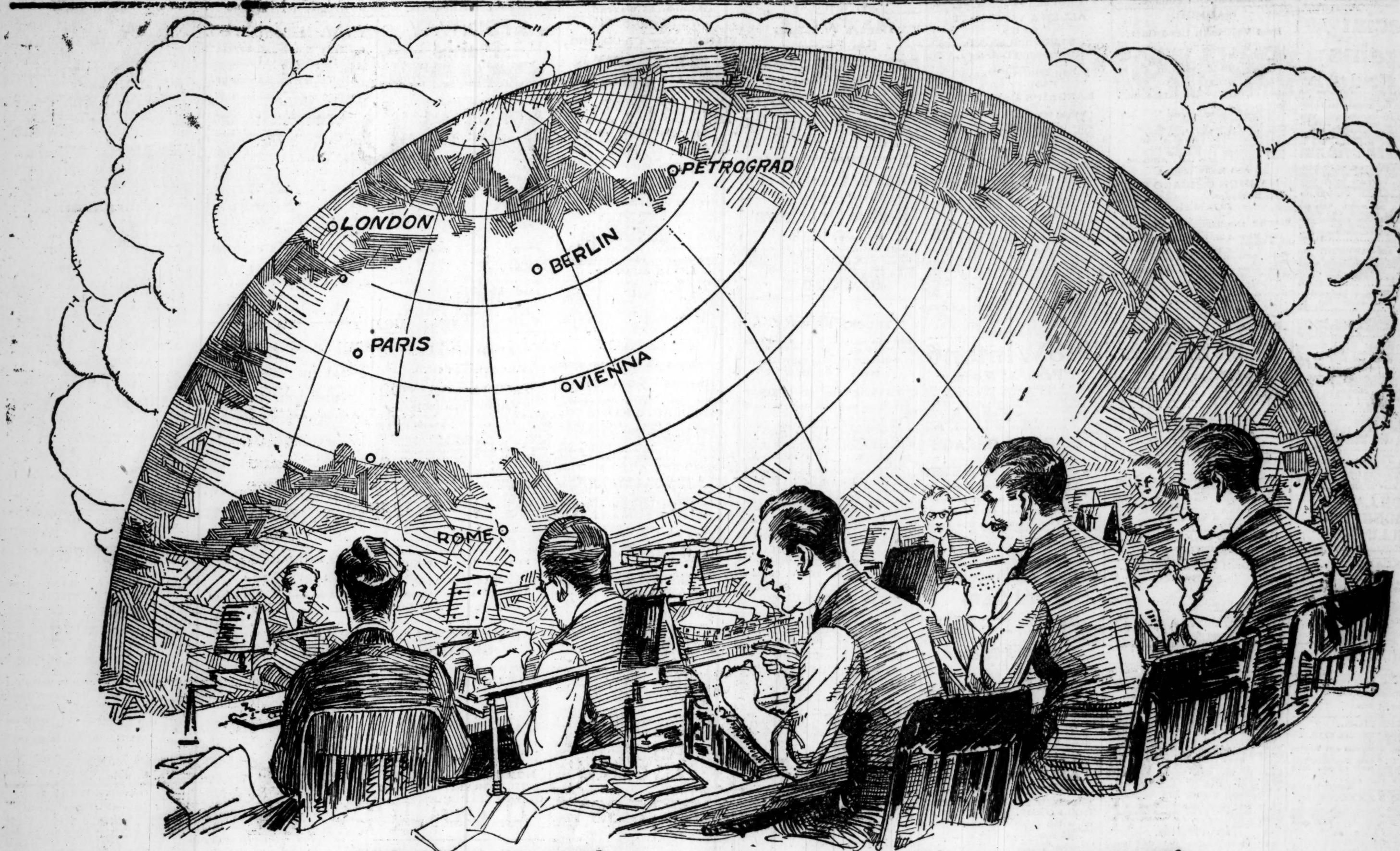
"Well, I had been can-
part of Justice who
had received an anony-
from Ader—and
of being in a plot with
in-law, a member of the
matter. At that time
had having received
knew Mrs. Loeffler had
after being questioned
service men."

The white haired jud-
fixed his eyes on Mess-
calmly in the jury box.

"Doctor, have you any
he queried. "What do
have this man transfe-
perilous atmosphere to
in safe Chicago?"

"This has been on

(Continued on page 1)



A THOUSAND DOLLARS A DAY for FOREIGN NEWS

IN addition to Associated Press and United Press service The Chicago Tribune is maintaining a staff of high caliber correspondents of its own in Europe at a cost for salaries, expenses and cable tolls in excess of \$6,000 a week, or \$300,000 a year

Henry Hyde's report on Ireland is of international importance and of intense interest to millions of Americans.

Frederick Smith's trip to Berlin by aeroplane startled the world. He was the first American newspaper man to reach Berlin from the western front.

Frazier Hunt's stories from northern Russia have been read to the United States Senate and have been probably the most powerful influence in bringing the American government to a decision to withdraw from Russia.

Richard Henry Little's first hand, human interest word pictures of the bloody class war in Berlin are more thrilling than any fiction.

Tribune readers are getting articles which any magazine would be glad to buy and retail at many times the price of The Tribune. And they are getting those articles by cable the day after they are written, not by mail a month or two months after they are written. Tribune readers are getting news of world events from their own home folks, uncolored by the prejudices of European journalists and politicians.

The Chicago Tribune is spending record breaking sums on its foreign news service and Chicago Tribune readers get the benefit.

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THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

Circulation in Excess of 400,000 Daily—700,000 Sunday